

Hawaiian Gazette.

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HONOLULU, H. T., FRIDAY, DECEMBER 20, 1902—SEMI-WEEKLY.

WHOLE No. 2447.

GOVERNOR GRANTS A REPRIEVE

Tanbara Gisaburo Has More Time to Live.

(From Thursday's daily.)

Governor Dole yesterday granted a reprieve for Tanbara Gisaburo, and the hanging set for tomorrow morning at 10:30 o'clock will have to be postponed until communication can be had with President Roosevelt. The action of the Governor is given in a wireless message to Secretary Cooper, and the papers will be made out later.

The action of Governor Dole was taken upon a statement of the case made to him by Mr. Cooper and on the petition presented by the Japanese consul. The Federal officials were not consulted in the matter, probably because of the impossibility of reaching them by wireless in time to get their views before the execution takes place.

The following telegram was received by Secretary Cooper yesterday afternoon:

"Kona, December 24, 1902.
"From Sanford B. Dole, Governor of the Territory of Hawaii.
"To Henry E. Cooper, Secretary of the Territory of Hawaii; Honolulu:
"I hereby reprieve Tanbara Gisaburo, sentenced to be hanged on the 26th of December 1902, for murder, for reference of his case to the President of the United States. Official papers can be made later. Notify Marshall Hendry."

Marshall Hendry was notified yesterday by Warden Henry and by High Sheriff Brown, and the execution will not come off. The Japanese Consul and United States Attorney Breckons would discuss the action of Governor Dole yesterday, though they did not appear pleased with the stay in the proceedings. Judge Estee, in discussing the coming execution, before the reprieve of the Governor was known, said that from the evidence he had no doubt of the guilt of Tanbara, and that he had information that a confession had been made by the murderer.

Secretary Cooper received the message of the Governor by telephone at Pearl City, and stated over the phone that he would come to Honolulu this morning and prepare whatever papers may be necessary in the case.

The reprieve is only until the President can be communicated with, this being the power given the Governor under the Organic Act, and immediate notification will be sent to Washington. It is probable that in case the cable is completed within a week, the President will be communicated with in that manner and his decision asked immediately.

Tanbara was notified of the action of the Governor by Warden Henry last evening, but only smiled when he realized the full import of the news.

There was some talk last evening of trouble between Federal and territorial officials over the action of the

Governor, but it did not come from any of the United States officials. Thought they believe that Tanbara is guilty of a most revolting crime, if there is the slightest doubt of the manner of his conviction they are willing that the matter should be referred to a higher court.

Fortune Seas Plantations.

Commissioner T. Thomas Fortune, who has spent two days in investigation of the plantations at the western end of the island, returned last evening and expressed himself as well pleased with what he has seen, but not yet willing to give any opinion as to the conditions which obtain on the estates. He will make a trip about the islands, and will then be ready to leave in the next ship for the Orient. There is some discussion of a date upon which it may be possible for Mr. Fortune to meet with the labor employers of the islands for the purpose of discussing the quality of the negro worker on the plantations of the South.

FIRE DESTROY PRINTING STOCK

Hawaiian Paper and Supply Co. Warerooms Gutted This Morning.

(From Thursday's Daily.)

The two-story corrugated iron frame building on the makai side of King street below Nuuanu, formerly occupied by the late T. Murray, caused the fire department considerable trouble this morning before the fire which broke out at 3 o'clock was checked.

The building was occupied by the Hawaiian Paper Supply Co., a grocery store and barber shop. The loss to the former will prove heavy as the entire stock of paper, etc., was destroyed by fire and water.

SECOND FIRE AT KING AND FORT

Shortly after the department was again called out to King and Fort streets to extinguish a fire in the two-story wooden building adjoining Collins' harness shop.

As the Advertiser goes to press (4:30 o'clock) the fire is still burning fiercely. Complete loss of building and contents, paint shop and fruit store.

"Jack" Spreckels Married.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 16. — Miss Edith Huntington, the beautiful young daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Willard V. Huntington and grand niece of the late Collis P. Huntington, became the bride last night of John D. Spreckels, Jr., son of John D. Spreckels, president of the J. D. Spreckels Company. A more popular girl or a prettier one never married in her second season. Last winter her debut was made at a party given by her parents in Cotillon Hall, and after a winter filled with social favors and gayety her engagement to young "Jack" Spreckels was announced.

The bridesmaids were Miss Pearl Landers and Miss Lillie Spreckels, Miss Grace Spreckels being the maid of honor. Emerson Warfield was the best man.

NEW DOCKS TO DOT WATER FRONT

Shore Line May Be Completely Changed.

Plans are being discussed by men who have to do with the business of Honolulu, for the improvement of the water front. It is understood that there will be submitted to the next Legislature measures contemplating the re-making of the front, in a manner which will not only greatly increase the capacity of the wharves, but as well entirely remodel the district.

The facts connected with the discussion have come out owing to the recommendations which were made by the Public Building site committee, that there be turned over to the Federal government the three lots comprising the lands between Fort and Alakea streets and from Allen street makai. It has developed that officials of the government are opposed to this disposition of the lands in question, for the reason that they believe that the extension of the wharf room is certain to come, and that it is soon to be necessary.

The plans which have been talked over among men high in the councils of the government, are for the turning over of the lots Waikiki of the present Custom House to the Department of Public Works for wharf purposes, with the ultimate aim of having the entire district between the present wharves and the block which is now United States Government property cut up into slips. The tentative plans are based upon four slips of 150 feet in width with wharf room of 100 feet between each. This would give to the present Customs house, the docks used by the Inter-island Company and as well the Oceanic docks, all the space that they now use, with sufficient room for carling for their business.

The removal of the water front back to Allen street would give more room for the various navigation companies and would permit the docking of all the steamers which may visit this port for many years to come. The construction of slips similar to those which are now on the naval reservation would give room in each for the placing of two of the largest of the carriers now running in this ocean, to be berthed side by side and thus there would be room for eight of the greatest of the modern liners. In addition there would be space for the inter-island line ships and the business of the front would be facilitated in many ways by the change.

The alterations of the front would mean the removal of many of the coal piles and the lumber yards, and this would have the effect of sending much of this business out of the center of the city to the outlying districts which are accessible to the water. The building of the wharves at the Ewa end of the harbor has meant the changing of the destination of much of the business of the port, and the direct result will be the complete rehabilitation of the water front.

The officials of the government will not discuss the matter but the men who have to do with the business on the front are of opinion that such a change in the plans of the water front would mean better accommodations and in general preparation for the future, which is full of promise for the shipping of this port.

Bailey on Grant.

GALENA (Ill.), December 16.—Senator Joseph W. Bailey of Texas has accepted an invitation of the Grant Birthday Association of Galena to deliver the annual address at the celebration April 27. Senator Bailey will follow a notable list of orators who have addressed the association, including McKinley, Roosevelt and Judge Spear of Georgia.

Marconi expects to startle the world with a new invention in connection with wireless telegraphy.

CHRISTMAS IS JOYFULLY GREETED

Large Crowds Out to Join in the Celebration.

(From Thursday's daily.)

Christmas came with the usual accompaniment of noise and merrymaking on the streets. There was a crowd about the downtown district until long after the midnight hour and when the first second of the holiday came there was a salute of bombs and crackers, of horns, shouts and music.

A real old-fashioned merry Christmas Eve was observed when crowds of merry-makers surged up and down the main streets of the business section and waited until the midnight hour came. The dawn of the Christmas Day was the signal for the outburst of enthusiasm which lasted for sometime and then the streets began to be deserted. The brilliantly-lighted store windows, the pretty Christmas displays in them and the crowds of bundle-bearers gave the downtown streets a holiday appearance. It was a good-natured crowd and the big mounted police officers who were stationed at the intersections had little to do. False faces, grotesque papier mache noses, tin horns, and all manner of noise-makers were in evidence. Not only were the sidewalks utilized but the streets as well. The storekeepers in both the English and Oriental speaking districts were busy until close to midnight at which time the last of the purchasers were on their way home with bundles whose contents will gladden the eyes of the little ones when they awake this morning.

The man who was not guilty of making a pack-horse of himself in taking home bundles of Christmas presents was a strange looking being. Bundles of all sizes and descriptions and in all kinds of wrapping paper, were carried by the armful, tucked under elbows, filled bulging pockets and generally made all sorts of amusing trouble to the bearers.

"Sting bloke," was an expression which could have been applied to any number of luckless ones whose bundles proved too heavy for the wrapping strings and landed the contents on the ground. It was a big shopping day and the storekeepers have little cause to complain of the volume of business. The streets were fairly filled with people during the day but the jam came at night, when the last few hours were utilized by parents to make purchases while the little ones were at home asleep.

Business was brisk throughout the day and merchants when asked what they thought of the trade universally gave the same answer—"First rate."

Christmas services will be held in several of the churches today for which special music has been arranged. Public observance of the day will be largely limited to these services, supplemented by a public concert in Thomas Square commencing at 3 p. m., given by the Hawaiian Government Band. A Sunday School Christmas tree celebration will be held at the Portuguese Protestant church on Miller street, commencing at 7:30 p. m.

ROMAN CATHOLIC CATHEDRAL. The services throughout Christmas Day at the Roman Catholic Cathedral are as follows:

Masses start at 4:40 a. m. Holy Communion at 6 and 7 o'clock masses.
9 a. m., children's mass with appropriate music by the college.
10:30 a. m., solemn high mass by Rev. Father Libert, Pro Vicar.
Program of music at high mass:
Easter March.....Catholic Band
Kyrie—Gloria de—Four voices.....Peters
Ave Maria.....Quartette
Salve Regina.....
Solo Miss Alice Campbell.
Albert R. Cunha, organist.
Noel.....French.....Adams
Solo by Father Valentin.
Bortle.....Catholic Mission Band
Evening Service.
Benediction—Nana Salvatore.....
Solo and chorus
Agnus Redemptoris.....Lambillotte
Agnus Redemptoris.....Lambillotte
Agnus Redemptoris.....Lambillotte
Agnus Redemptoris.....Lambillotte
Collection at all services for the benefit of the church.

ST. ANDREW'S CATHEDRAL.

The services in St. Andrew's Episcopal Cathedral today are as follows:

7 a. m.—Choral celebration of Holy Communion. Bishop Restarick celebrant. Bryan's service will be sung by the choir.
10 a. m.—Morning prayer with sermon by the Bishop. The choir will sing the proper psalms to chants and the following music:
Te Deum in F.....Vogrich
Jubilate in F.....Garrett
Anthem—"It Came Upon the Midnight Clear".....Stainer
Hymn—"O Come All Ye Faithful".....
Hymn—"Hark, the Herald Angels Sing".....Mendelssohn

ST. CLEMENT'S CHURCH.

At St. Clement's church, Episcopal, corner of Wilder avenue and Makiki street, today's services will take place at 10 a. m. The music program is as follows:

Te Deum, E. Minor.....Dudley Buck
Jubilate, E. Flat.....Dudley Buck
Anthem—"Let Us Go Even Unto Bethlehem".....Fiel
Gowers Communion Service.
Soloists—Miss Ward, Mrs. L. de L. Ward, Mrs. J. H. Soper, Mr. C. Osborne, Mr. G. E. Smithies.

GERMAN LUTHERAN CHURCH.

At the German Lutheran church at 5:30 p. m. today there will be a Christmas tree celebration with sermon for children.

"CHRISTMAS EVE AT GRANDPA'S."

A novel Christmas entertainment will be given at the Christian church on Friday evening. The principal attraction will be a Christmas Cantata entitled: "Christmas Eve at Grandpa's." All the Sunday School children, parents and members of the church are urged to be present.

THE "CRIB" AT ST. LOUIS.

The yearly custom of presenting the "Crib" at St. Louis College will be regarded today as usual. The stage in the auditorium has been arranged to represent a miniature Holy Land, with mountains, valleys, buildings, streams, holy edifices and the stable in which Christ was born. This evening the pretty scene will be ready for visitors.

"CHRISTMAS EVE AT GRANDPA'S."

The Christmas entertainment of the Christian church will be given tomorrow (Friday) evening at the church at 7:30 o'clock. A Christmas Cantata, "Christmas Eve at Grandpa's," will be the principal feature of the entertainment. All the children of the Bible School and every member of the church should be present. Any others who would enjoy the evening are invited. The children of the school will receive a treat.

Y. W. C. A. CELEBRATES.

Christmas was duly celebrated at the Y. W. C. A. yesterday. Mrs. T. Clive Davies and Mrs. von Holt sent flowers, ferns and berries for the decorations and the rooms had a most inviting appearance. Mrs. Davies presided at the piano at the noon song service and Miss Alice Davies sang two Christmas carols which were greatly appreciated.

There were ninety guests at the special lunch, the menu consisting of tomato soup, roast beef, chicken, lobster

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TOURISTS WILL COME TO HAWAII

Smith Talks With the Passenger Agents.

F. C. Smith, general passenger agent for the Oahu Railway, returned on the Nebraskan Tuesday evening from an extended trip in the East, where he succeeded in enlisting nearly all the passenger agents of the United States in the effort to promote tourist travel towards Hawaii. Mr. Smith attended the national convention of the American Association of General Passenger Agents at Portland, Maine, following which he visited the railroad officials in their own headquarters.

"I expect a few tourists down here this winter," said Mr. Smith yesterday, "though the real influx of tourists will not come until the next year and thereafter. I should have visited the passenger agents two months earlier than I did, to accomplish more good, and then I would have reached them in time to secure their cooperation in pushing Hawaii in their this year's advertising of winter resorts."

"I saw many of the general passenger agents at the convention, and after that visited them in Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Chicago, Pittsburg, and other places. The railroad men generally and the transcontinental lines particularly are much interested in Hawaii. The possibilities of the Islands as a place for winter visits had not been placed before them previous to this, and they wanted to know everything possible about the Territory."

"This is new business for the Eastern Railroads. People who always spend their winters in warmer climes are becoming tired of visiting Florida annually, or making winter trips to California and no further. They want to see Hawaii worked up and are willing to help do this. Many of them even now receive queries in regard to the Islands, but the lack of a cable always prevented business men from coming here, and unfavorable replies were invariably returned. With the cable, there will be no further objection to business men coming for a few months at a time, for they can be in constant communication with the business centers."



TANBARA GISABURO.



FRED C. SMITH, GENERAL PASSENGER AGENT OF THE OAHU R. R.

DEATH OF U. S. GRANT'S WIDOW

Her Passing Away
Foretold in a
Dream.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 14.—Mrs. Ulysses S. Grant died at her residence in this city at 11:17 o'clock tonight. Death was due to heart failure. Mrs. Grant having suffered for years from valvular disease of the heart, which was aggravated by a severe attack of bronchitis. Her age prevented her rallying from the attacks. Her daughter, Nellie Grant Sartoris, was the only one of her children with her at the time of her death, her three sons, who had been summoned, all being unable to reach here in time.

There also were present at the bedside when the end came Miss Rose Mary Sartoris, a granddaughter, Dr. Bishop, one of the attending physicians, and two trained nurses.

Death came peacefully, the sufferer retaining consciousness practically to the end. Word has come from Jesse and U. S. Grant, Jr., two of the sons in California, that they have started on their way to Washington. The other son, General Fred Grant, is hastening hither from Texas.

The body of Mrs. Grant will be deposited in the tomb at Riverside Park, New York, where that of her husband now rests. Whether it will be taken thither immediately or this ceremony will be postponed for a time could not be ascertained tonight.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 16.—While the final arrangements for the funeral of Mrs. U. S. Grant will not be made until the arrival here of General Grant and other members of the family, it is settled that there will be short religious services in this city, and that the remains will be placed by the side of her husband's tomb in Riverside Park, New York. The Pennsylvania railroad has offered to provide a combination car for the casket and pall-bearers and a private car for the use of the family in the journey from this city to the tomb, to be attached to any train that the funeral party may desire. The Secretary of War has directed that all the army officers stationed in New York and vicinity shall attend the services at the tomb in full dress uniform. It has been arranged that the steamer Melges shall meet the funeral party at Jersey City and convey it to the tomb, where there is a convenient landing place.

FORETOLD IN A DREAM.

NEW YORK, Dec. 16.—Mrs. Mary Grant Cramer, a sister of General U. S. Grant, who lives with her sister, Mrs. Virginia Grant Corbin, at East Orange, N. J., says, according to a dispatch to the Tribune, that the death of Mrs. Grant was foretold to her in a dream on December 6th.

"The dream was exceedingly vivid," said Mrs. Cramer. "I thought Mrs. Grant came to my bedside and, placing her hand on my shoulder said impressively: 'Mary, I have come to talk with you and to say good-bye because I am not going to be with you much longer.'"

Mrs. Cramer told her dream at the breakfast table the next morning and to her surprise a friend of the family, Mrs. Katherine Lawrence, who was visiting them at the time, said that she, too, had had a similar dream. Mrs. Lawrence said that she dreamt that she, Mrs. Cramer and Mrs. Corbin stood in the portal of Grant's tomb on Riverside Drive, near New York, and there appeared to be a large crowd of persons outside, drawn up in two lines, waiting the arrival of a cavalcade of some kind.

FRED GRANT NOTIFIED.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Dec. 15.—General Fred Grant, U. S. A., commanding the Department of Texas, returned from a tour of inspection of the army posts this afternoon. At Alice he first learned of the death of his mother this morning. At 9 o'clock accompanied by Mrs. Grant, he started for Washington on a Missouri, Kansas and Texas train.

PRESIDENT WILL VISIT THE COAST

WASHINGTON, Dec. 13.—President Roosevelt today formally accepted the invitation of the citizens' committee of San Francisco to attend the dedication of the navy monument to commemorate the battle of Manila. The monument is now nearing completion.

Following is the letter of acceptance received by former Mayor Phelan, chairman of the committee:

"WHITE HOUSE, WASHINGTON, D. C., December 13, 1902.—My Dear Phelan: It will give me the utmost pleasure to accept the very kind invitation extended by you on behalf of the citizens' committee to participate in the ceremonies dedicating the monument in honor of the American Navy and to commemorate Admiral Dewey's victory in Manila bay. My visit to San Francisco will probably be some time in May and I will let you know as soon as the date is decided. With regards,
THEODORE ROOSEVELT."

American Filibusters

BUTTE (Mont.), December 14.—It is stated on what appears to be good authority that a filibustering party is being organized here to go to Venezuela. At least one armed company, crack shots and old mountaineers, will go south in a few days. A number of Spanish War veterans are among the men enlisted.

PACIFIC CABLE BEING LAID AT GOOD RATE

Silvertown Makes
Seven Knots
An Hour.

Reports Show the Vessel
Was Well Along a
Week Ago.

Unless there has been an unforeseen and certainly an unexpected accident to the cable ship Silvertown, the Pacific Commercial cable end will reach Honolulu before the beginning of another week.

Delayed two days by bad weather at the Coast, the ship which is bearing the strand which is to connect the continent with the Islands got away finally and finely on December 14, and according to dispatches received under date of December 16 had covered 240 miles of the journey to this city, was paying out cable without incident, and making a speed record of seven knots an hour.

Honolulu folk yesterday were somewhat downcast by the reports from Fanning Island that the shore connection was not attempted until December 19, and that the breaking of the hawser had caused the return of the cable ship to the harbor, where it remained on December 20, the date of the alleged dispatches. This came by the steamer Sonoma from Fanning. The news brought by the Sonoma came through the captain of the British cruiser Shearwater, who was a visitor on board the Oceanic liner. From the news brought by the Nebraska there is no conclusion possible but that dates were mixed on the messages which told circumstantially of the breaking of the shore hawser, an event which took place on December 13. In view of this fact and the added circumstance that the Nebraska, which left San Francisco on the afternoon of December 16, had fine weather on the way down, there is no other conclusion possible but that the information which was given from the Fanning office of the British cable, was of the date of December 15, and conveyed no later information.

The news which was brought by the steamer Nebraska covers up to 4 p. m. of December 16, and the officials of the cable company here take the view that the Fanning information was conveyed as of recent date, when in fact it should be taken as recounting the information of preceding days. They, however, regard it as peculiar that the Nebraska did not sight the cable paying vessel, owing to the fact that the route charted for the cable is that which is followed by steamers from the Coast coming to the Islands.

The progress of the Silvertown, the making of 240 knots between the time of departure from the Ocean front of San Francisco and noon on December 16, is regarded as very fair, owing to the fact that the weather on the Coast is always the worst encountered on the voyage to Honolulu. If no accidents have occurred since the last report of the steamer, the arrival of the ship is now expected on December 28. The speed report indicates that after passing through the storm on the Coast the ship was able to take up the usual speed which is compatible with safety in laying the cable, seven knots an hour, and will keep up that rate during the cruise, with the exception of the time necessary to change over from one tank to another.

The route to be taken by the cable ship is 2,200 miles in length, and from noon on Tuesday last there were still 1,960 miles to be traversed. This would take, with ordinary delays, twelve days to cover, and the vessel might well be expected to arrive at noon on Sunday, being sighted several hours before that time from Waimanalo or off Koko Head. This is the figuring of local cable officials, and they are of the opinion that in view of the good weather encountered by the freighter there is no reason to believe that disaster to the cable has occurred.

CANAL TREATY HINGES ON PRICE

WASHINGTON, December 16.—Dr. Herran, the Colombian Charge, who has been clothed with full powers by the Bogota government to sign a canal treaty, was an early caller at the State Department today and spent half an hour with Secretary Hay in a further effort to reach an agreement as to the price this country shall pay for the concession.

Dr. Herran predicts that the treaty will be ready for submission to Congress before Christmas. It is understood both at the State Department and at the Colombian legation that the question of price is the only barrier now to the conclusion of a satisfactory convention.

Many soldiers have been arrested in St. Petersburg.

(Associated Press Special to the Advertiser.)

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.,
Dec. 16th.—At 1:58 o'clock the following message was received from the Silvertown:

Noon--240 knots off the coast in a heavy sea. Rain during night but clear today. Speed seven knots. Everything going well.

SEA CABLE LAID AND CHRISTENED

"To the memory of John W. Mackay I christen thee Pacific Cable. Good luck to thee. May you always carry messages of happiness!"

After an unsuccessful attempt to send ashore the shore end of the cable at San Francisco, made on Friday morning, December 12th, that portion of the work of joining the continent and the island of the Pacific, was completed on Sunday, ten days ago, without incident and in remarkably short time. The failure of the first trial was due to the high surf on the Coast and was the result, in large part, to the caution which has marked the entire work on the part of the contractors. The Silvertown left San Francisco harbor on December 12th, and returned that day, leaving again on Sunday morning. This conforms, except as to dates, with the information from Fanning and without doubt gave rise to the false reports.

When the Silvertown began the work of laying the cable's shore end, it was 11 o'clock Friday, the ship having been for two hours in a fog about one mile off shore. The lifesaving crew went out and got the end of the tow line which was to bring ashore the heavy cable, which in turn would drag in the deep sea line. There had gathered upon the beach 50,000 people, who desired to assist in the inauguration of the great work and the officials of the cable company, including President Clarence W. Mackay, were in attendance, with many invited guests. When the lifeboat with the line approached the shore, the surf being high and the wash on the shore threatening, a crowd of people, headed by Mr. Mackay, and including many students of the State University, rushed to the boat and got hold of the line, assisting in dragging it ashore.

It was when the heavy cable had been secured to the shore end that the troubles began. The ship signalled that the surf was too high and a wait of an hour was had for the tide to turn. Then there was a commencement. The heavy line was rove through a block and a team of a dozen horses hitched to the end for the purpose of dragging the cable ashore. From the very first there was disorder. The animals became frightened and made a rush into the crowd and several persons were bruised. Another start was made and the heavy line being suddenly tightened, President Mackay was knocked down, though only slightly hurt, and G. W. McNear was rendered unconscious for an hour. Finally the cable was hauled in, until at the middle of the afternoon, when twenty fathoms of the sea end had been dropped overboard, the Silvertown signalled that it was too rough to carry on the work and that a return to the harbor would be made. This was a disappointment not only to those who had come to see the work, but as well to the men interested, and President Mackay was the most thoroughly disheartened of all. He assured his friends that it was due entirely to the contractors, who had to lay the cable and keep it in operation for one month, and that their judgment was to rule.

The Silvertown returned to the harbor of San Francisco and an immaterial break in the machinery was repaired. It was then decided that as the heavy draft of the Silvertown made it impossible for that vessel to come near to the shore, the steam schooner Newboy should be chartered, and six miles of the cable put aboard that little ship. The light draft of the schooner made it possible for it to come within a quarter of a mile of the beach and rendered the danger of trouble very much less. The transfer of the six miles of cable occupied Saturday and it was not until Sunday morning that the second and successful attempt to land the cable was made.

Early in the morning the two ships went out to a point opposite the Cliff House and before nine o'clock the work of landing the tow cable was begun. This was successfully accomplished, the life boat and teams of horses assisting. Finally at 9:16 o'clock the first section of the deep sea conductor was sent off the Newboy and toward the shore. The cable was buoyed here and there with air-filled balloons and it took only thirty-nine minutes to cover the quarter of a mile from the schooner to the beach.

It was a few minutes after the end had reached a point where it should emerge from the water that President Mackay arrived, the ceremony of receiving the wires being delayed until his presence had been secured. Mr. Mackay was accompanied by Gov. Gage, Mrs. Gage and Miss Lucile Gage, who was to christen the cable, Mayor Schmitz and other notable men of the city and state.

The invited guests ranged about the youthful head of the enterprise, and the maid, and as the wire bound end of the conductor came from the waves, Miss Gage dashed a bottle of champagne against the mass and christened the cable. The ten-year-old child had composed the speech with which she performed the ceremony and President Mackay was much impressed by its sincerity. Immediately the crowd began to cheer and the bands to play and the great work was about its end, for the two lengths were quickly joined and then the Newboy was seen proceeding to sea to join the Silvertown, which at once took aboard the cable and again a splice was made and the preparations for the journey to Hawaii were undertaken, the smoke streaming from the funnels being the sign for renewed cheering by the people ashore.

As the splicing was going on the visitors gathered about and speeches were made by Mayor Schmitz, Mr. Mackay and Governor Gage and the crowd cheered and afterward spent the day in looking over the stretch of cable and watching the ship which was still in the distance waiting for the completion of the splicing aboard ship before beginning the eventful voyage. President Mackay sent the following message to President Roosevelt:

San Francisco, December 14, 1902. To Hon. Theodore Roosevelt, President of the United States, Washington, D. C.

I have the honor to inform you that the end of the Honolulu cable was successfully brought to shore this morning. Governor Gage being present.
C. M. MACKAY,
Pres. Commercial Pacific Cable Co.

It was about midnight on Sunday when the Silvertown began the journey and the first news received was that on Monday, when at 4 o'clock p. m. the vessel had paid out 77 miles, and was proceeding at a regular rate of speed to the west.

President Mackay after witnessing the successful laying of the shore end, left at once for New York, leaving Vice President Ward to overlook the work at San Francisco and keep in touch with the ship during the voyage.

When the Silvertown cleared for Honolulu duties were paid to the amount of \$5500 on instruments to be used at that end of the line and \$2600 on one league of the cable.

BOGOTA SAID TO BE DESTROYED

COLON (Colombia), via Galveston, December 14.—Advises from Barranquilla confirm the report of the total wreck of the Colombian gunboat Bogota in the Magdalena river recently near El Banco. She had on board a large force of government soldiers, many of whom were drowned. The details of the disaster have been suppressed.

Typically Japanese.

NEW YORK, Dec. 16.—A Philadelphia firm, according to a Press dispatch from that city, has received an order from the Japanese government for several X-ray machines which are to be used for a novel purpose. The firm some time ago sold to a representative of the Mikado an X-ray machine which, the Japanese explained, was to be used in the government mint in Japan for the detection of dishonest employees who stole gold coins by swallowing them.

The machine was used to examine suspects as they left the mint daily, and, of course, it revealed the presence of any coins "in their midst." The test was so satisfactory that the Mikado ordered several more machines, hoping to prevent the form of theft referred to.

OF UNTOLD VALUE

The Information Contained in
This Honolulu Citizen's
Statement is Priceless.

The hale, the hearty, the strong can afford to toss this paper to one side impatiently when they read the following, but any sufferer in Honolulu who has spent a mint of money and suffered hours of excruciating torture caused by kidney complaint, pain in the back and sides, headaches, nervousness, frequent thirst, hot, dry skin, shortness of breath, evil forebodings, troubled sleep, puffiness of the eyelids, swelling of the feet and ankles, loss of flesh, or dark-colored urine, will stand in his own light if he does not follow the valuable advice offered by this resident:

Mr. H. G. Crabbe, of Nuanu street, this city, formerly a merchant and clerk, now a collector, writes: "My age is 52 years, and I am blessed with children and grandchildren. For about two years I have been troubled with a severe pain in the back. A short time ago I purchased some of Doan's Backache Kidney Pills at Hillister & Co's Drug Store, and found great relief through using them. I keep some of the pills by me as a safeguard against attacks of my old complaint, which I need not fear so long as I have a remedy like Doan's Backache Kidney Pills to combat them."

For sale by all dealers: price 50 cents per box, six boxes \$2.50. Mailed by the Hillister Drug Co., Honolulu, wholesale agents for the Hawaiian Islands. Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

Children in the Mines.

SCRANTON (Pa.), December 16.—When the Coal Strike Commission met today Chairman Gray opened the proceedings by saying that the commissioners were impressed with the spectacle of the little girls who were before the commission yesterday and testified that they worked all night. He said the people of the community and citizens of the commonwealth should not let the incident pass without taking some steps to have the legislature of Pennsylvania seriously consider the enactment of a law that will forbid the employment of children at night. At the suggestion of the commission the statement of the wages of the fathers of the two girls was presented. One earned more than \$1,000 last year and the other over \$900.

Cuban Reciprocity Treaty.

WASHINGTON, December 16.—General Bliss, who was sent to Havana to aid Minister Squires in drafting a reciprocity treaty between the United States and Cuba, reached Washington this morning and delivered to Secretary Hay the treaty signed in Havana last week. It provides for a 20 per cent reduction in the tariff charges on Cuban products entering the United States and heavy reductions on American exports to Cuba.

To prevent croup, begin in time. The first symptom is hoarseness; this is soon followed by a deeper rough cough, which is easily recognized and will never be forgotten by one who has heard it. The time to act is when the child first becomes hoarse. If Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is freely given, all tendency to croup will soon disappear. Even after the croupy cough has developed, it will prevent the attack. There is no danger in giving this remedy as it contains nothing injurious. It always cures and cures quickly. All dealers and druggists sell it. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii.

Furniture

Some of our new stock for the Christmas trade is now on hand, including the following:

"MORRIS RECLINING CHAIRS" in Mahogany, Golden Oak, Flemish and Weathered Oak; CUSHIONS in Leather; TAPESTRY and VELVET LOUNGES and BOX COUCHES in many styles.

FOLDING SCREENS in the latest pattern of Art Burlap.

Rugs

Our stock of Rugs is not limited to the American makes only. We keep some of the best products of foreign manufacture.

MUSIC CASES, LADIES' DESKS, SECRETARY BOOK CASES, LIBRARY BOOK CASES.

On the last steamer we received a shipment of the famous

Phoenix Brass Filled Beadsteads

In all the latest colors and designs.

GENUINE SCOTCH LINOLEUM, in both inlaid and printed.

WINDOW SHADES of all sizes.

UPHOLSTERY and REPAIRING orders promptly attended to.

J. Hopp & Co.

LEADING FURNITURE DEALERS.

King and Bethel Streets.

Phone Main 111.

CHAS. BREWER & CO'S NEW YORK LINE

Bark "NUUANU"

Sailing from

NEW YORK to HONOLULU About Dec. 15.

For freight rates apply to CHAS. BREWER & CO.

27 Kilby St., Boston. OR C. BREWER & CO., LIMITED, HONOLULU.

Don't

polish stoves with SILICON, use Rising Sun Stove Polish and use the Silicon on your silverware.

Metal Polish

both liquid and paste, Universal, Putz, Brilliantine. "U. S." are the right things to use on all sorts of metals to make them bright.

Shoe Polish

from the old fashioned "Mason's Blacking" to the latest in French Dressings, also Day & Martin's in jars.

Steel Polish

will clean rusty tools, cutlery, instruments, etc., and make them as good as new. Don't throw anything away because it is badly rusted get a package of Steel Polish and you can clean and save the article. When you get ready to shine up, call on

E. O. HALL & SON, LIMITED

Corner Fort and King Streets.

No Need of Argument

The delightful flavor and healthful qualities are the test for

Primo Lager

Order a trial case from the brewery or your liquor dealer.



WRIGHT IS RELEASED

De Bolt Orders His Immediate Arrest.

(From Wednesday's Daily.)

Walter A. Wright was released upon habeas corpus by Judge Gear yesterday, as he had previously stated would be done, but the former tax assessor was immediately rearrested upon a new warrant issued by Judge De Bolt on a complaint setting out the same facts regarding the alleged embezzlement.

Judge Gear in his decision releasing Wright says:

"It is clear from the record as well as the evidence that petitioner did not have a preliminary examination, and I am satisfied that there was no legal waiver thereof."

"The notes of the District Magistrate after setting out the charge state as follows:

"Defendant's plea was reserved. W. J. Sheldon for the defendant. By the court: This case is committed to the March term, 1903, of the Fifth Judicial Circuit."

"G. L. KOPA, District Magistrate."

"The reserving by the defendant of his plea was not a waiver of examination, and the District Magistrate could not deprive defendant of his right to such an examination."

"The question then arises: Can the court inquire into what took place before the District Magistrate prior to commitment?"

"While the authorities are conflicting as to whether on habeas corpus the weight and sufficiency of evidence tending to support the commitment may be considered, there is no conflict upon the question as to whether there is any evidence to support it. The rule is as follows:

"It is well settled that the court on the hearing in a habeas corpus proceeding, may inquire whether there is any legal evidence to support the commitment."—15 Am. & Eng. Encycl. of Law, page 129.

"There having been no evidence introduced in this case and no legal waiver of a preliminary examination, the District Magistrate (who, it is admitted, does not understand the English language) had no right or authority to commit the defendant for trial."

"The commitment being void, the defendant must be discharged, and it is so ordered."

"GEAR, J."

Assistant Attorney General Douthitt immediately swore out a new complaint before Judge De Bolt charging Wright with the embezzlement of \$2,500 in government funds, collected by him as deputy tax assessor. The bond was fixed at \$2,500 which Wright gave, and he was immediately released. A preliminary hearing will be had before Judge De Bolt next Monday.

NOAR IS REPRIMANDED.

Isaac Noar was before Judge Robinson yesterday to answer for contempt in interfering with W. E. Fisher as receiver for the Star block. L. A. Andrews appearing for Noar contended that as an appeal had been taken, the order of Judge Robinson was without effect and there could be no contempt. Judge Robinson differed on this proposition, saying that the order appointing a receiver was an interlocutory one and there could be no appeal from it unless with the permission of the court. The court held however that the violation of the order had not been wilful, but simply through ignorance and with the advice of counsel. Noar was discharged with a reprimand and warned not to interfere with Fisher again.

CRAWFORD GETS OFF.

Willie Crawford was purged of contempt also before Judge Robinson. He had been cited for failure to pay alimony and took the stand to testify that he had no money with which to comply with the court's order. He said that he had made only \$17 during November and it required \$50 for him to live, he borrowing the rest of the money on his fire warrants. The citation was dismissed as it was impossible for Crawford to obey the court's order.

WILL GET NO NEW TRIAL.

Judge Gear yesterday overruled the motion for a new trial in the case of Territory of Hawaii vs. C. K. Al et al., in which the United Chinese Society's troubles are involved.

The court held that it had lost jurisdiction when the appeal was perfected and now was powerless to make any order in the case, or grant a new trial. The petitioners are estopped from an appeal because of the loss of the stenographer's notes of the evidence as no transcript can be obtained. The Supreme Court will probably be asked to interfere in the case.

BISHOP & CO. ANSWER.

Bishop & Co. have filed an answer in the suit of German Savings & Loan Society vs. C. S. Deaky et al., alleging that they have an interest in the Progress block. Bishop & Co. allege that they have a note for \$17,000 signed by C. S. Deaky and secured by a mortgage upon the Progress block and also upon the Pacific Heights property, subject to a first mortgage of \$50,000 held by C. W. Booth. The defendants ask in the event of the sale of the property that their claim be paid out of any balance remaining.

COURT NOTES.

A bill of costs for \$246.64 has been filed by plaintiff in the case of Y. Ahin vs. John K. Sumner.

The execution in the case of H. G. Middlemich vs. H. G. Austin has been returned as satisfied, the property levied upon having been sold for \$175.

ALLIED SHIPS BOMBARD PORT OF VENEZUELA

Puerto Cabello's Forts Reply But Are Soon Demolished By Shells.

PUERTO CABELLO, Saturday, December 13.—The British cruiser Charybdis and the German cruiser Vineta bombarded the fortress here at 5 o'clock this afternoon and quickly silenced it. The bombardment lasted for forty-five minutes. The fortress is composed of Fort Solano and the Castle Libertador. After the firing ceased the Charybdis sent marines to occupy the castle. The fortress was almost demolished. It is probable that only a few persons were injured by the shelling. The commander of Castle Libertador has been taken prisoner. The cruisers are still here.

At 7 o'clock this morning the Charybdis and the Vineta arrived here searching for Venezuelan gunboats. The two cruisers sent their boats into the inner port, but finding no gunboats the boats returned. The captain of the British merchant steamer Topaz, which was seized by the mob last Wednesday, then visited the British Commodore on board the Charybdis and lodged a protest against the violation of his ship. The British captain returned an hour later with a detachment of fifty marines, who took charge of the Topaz. The populace was greatly excited at this incident and raised the cry "To arms!" but there was no disorder.

The British Commodore then sent a message to the authorities at Puerto Cabello demanding immediate satisfaction for the seizure of the mob in having hauled down the British flag from the Custom house, saying that if satisfaction was not forthcoming in two hours at 5 o'clock the fortress and the Custom house would be bombarded. On the receipt of this demand the authorities sent a message to President Castro asking for instructions.

A committee of the merchants of Puerto Cabello then approached the American Consul here, petitioning him to intervene. The Consul accepted this mission and visited the cruisers, but he could obtain no alteration in the decision of the allies.

At 4:45 o'clock a reply was received from President Castro, who authorized the chief official here to give the British Commodore ample satisfaction. Before this answer could be communicated to the American Consul the hour stipulated for the reply arrived. The cruisers immediately opened fire on the fortress. The fire was returned from Fort Solano and Castle Libertador, but the Venezuelan guns were soon silenced. While the firing continued there was intense excitement in this port. Every house in town was closed.

The people of Puerto Cabello cannot account for this precipitate action on the part of the allies, which they consider to be proof that Great Britain and Germany intend forcing war upon Venezuela. The British marines propose to make use of the cannon in Castle Libertador. No damage was done to the town. The excitement of the people is subsiding.

LA GUAYRA (Venezuela), Dec. 15.—Dynamite and the torch completed the demolition of the harbor defenses of Puerto Cabello after they had been dismantled and riddled by the gun fire of the German cruiser Vineta and the British cruiser Charybdis.

NO ORDERS TO SINK SHIPS.

BERLIN, Dec. 12.—As the result of fresh inquiries made regarding the reported sinking of Venezuelan vessels off La Guayra, it is learned that the orders given to the German and British commanders were to capture the vessels before beginning the blockade. No orders were given to sink them. If, however, any vessel has been sunk it was a military measure necessary in carrying out the foregoing orders. No report has yet been received from Commodore Schroeder, the German commander. A report was received from Herr Pilgrimage as follows:

Four Venezuelan vessels captured. One of them disabled. Two German vessels, the Vineta and Panther, and one English, the Resolution (probably the Retribution), participated in the seizure.

The Foreign Office refuses to believe the vessels were sunk and will not credit the report until corroboratory news is received officially from the German representatives on the spot. At any rate, it is added, if the vessels were sunk it is the joint result of the action of both squadrons and in consequence of the resistance.

LONDON, Dec. 12.—The Foreign Office informs the press that the British Government disclaims responsibility for the sinking of the Venezuelan vessels, off La Guayra, which it entirely attributes to the German forces.

SOUTH AMERICA ALARMED.

BUENOS AYRES, Dec. 12.—All the newspapers here see in the Anglo-German intervention in Venezuela danger for all South American republics, as it tends to establish precedents endangering their sovereignty. The general opinion is that the investment of foreign capital, though desirable for the development of a country, cannot give foreigners special rights. Some papers compare the actual intervention with recent events in China. The Prensa says:

"The Anglo-German military action has violated the rights and disregarded the sovereignty of the South American republics."

It adds that the German claims, as public debts, are without precedent in the history of South America. The Prensa attributes the whole affair to European Imperialists, who are inspired with hostile intentions against increasing the influence of the United States and urges South American diplomats to watch developments.

Throughout South America similar views are held, and the republics are looking to the United States to intervene.

REVOLUTION IMMINENT.

NEW YORK, Dec. 15.—A cable to the Sun from Antwerp says: An important commercial firm having constant relations with Venezuela has received a cipher message from Caracas intimating that the position of President Castro is daily becoming more difficult. A new revolution seems imminent. General Matos, the revolutionary leader, refuses to co-operate with President Castro. Business in Caracas has stopped and all shops are closed.

LATEST BULLETINS FROM VENEZUELA

CARACAS, Dec. 16.—The Governor of Margarita Island reports that British and German warships are off that island.

Minister Bowen yesterday politely refused to have a monster patriotic parade pass before the United States Legation. Everyone here hopes that the arbitration proposed by Venezuela through Mr. Bowen and Washington will be granted.

When the combined fleets seized the Venezuelan ships at La Guayra the German commander delivered to the Venezuelan captain the following document:

"By order of my sovereign, and at the command of the commander of the German squadron in West Indian waters, I, the commander of the Panther, request you to lower your ship's flag immediately and leave your ship with your crew within ten minutes. This is not a measure of war on the part of Germany, but only with the object of making a provisional seizure of your ship in order to oblige the Venezuelan government to recognize our just demands. In case you disobey and wish to defend your ship, I shall be obliged to prevent you from so doing by the discharge of arms. December 12, 1903."

(Signed) "OKERTMAN, Commander."

Further details of the sinking of the Venezuelan ships have been obtained from an entry made in the book of the

signatures of the fortress of La Guayra. It is as follows:

Tuesday, December 9, 1:10 night.—The adjutant called on to see if I knew the steamer Retribution of the English navy was towing the steamers Crespo and Totuna, of the National navy, three or four miles north. I had heard four cannon shots and said the two steamers had disappeared and understood they had been sunk by the Vineta and Retribution. At the end of an hour the Retribution returned to the harbor alone.

(Signed) "SIGNAL COMMANDER, 'OF the Ports'."

The fact that the Retribution returned to La Guayra alone two hours after leaving with the captured vessels was confirmed by English residents of La Guayra. Consequently, she did not have time to conduct the Venezuelan ships to Curacao or Trinidad.

SCARE AT LA GUAYRA.

LA GUAYRA, Dec. 15.—The arrival of the British cruiser Charybdis and the torpedo boat destroyer Quail yesterday caused a bad scare among the population of this place. The commander of the fortress visited the American, French, Spanish and Dutch consuls and asked them in case the British landed marines to intervene to prevent firing on the fort and to delay any movement on the fort, as he had received orders from the government to evacuate the place. The commander added that if the consuls refused to intervene and the fort was attacked he would defend his post and could not answer for the consequences to the town, which is without any defense with the exception of a few armed policemen. At 5 o'clock, however, the Charybdis and the Quail steamed away in the direction of Curacao.

The foreign consuls subsequently called on the prefect, who assured them there was no danger at present. He added that the commander of the fort had been needlessly alarmed, and had only succeeded in almost causing a panic.

PRELIMINARY TO ARBITRATION.

BERLIN, Dec. 15.—The German government has not yet replied to President Castro's offer of arbitration, being still in correspondence with the British government on the subject. It is intimated that Germany's reply is not likely to be ready for some days. The opinion of the cabinet appears to be that President Castro's proposals are merely a move in a game designed to see what Germany and Great Britain are now willing to do, and as a test also of American public feeling.

The prevailing idea here at present is that it is too late to arbitrate, and that the acceptance of the offer to do so would place Germany in the position of having put her hand to the plow, and as looking backward. The government's concern at the present moment is to guide the application of force so as to avoid what could be taken internationally as a declaration of war, resulting in the recognition of Venezuela as a belligerent. The conduct of the United States is regarded in diplomatic opinion here as being strong and dignified, and the State Department's handling of the affair is looked upon as establishing Europe's recognition of the Monroe doctrine, because every step of Germany and Great Britain was made after taking into account what the United States thought of it. At the same time it is claimed that events in Venezuela are saving the United States many future complications by letting the Latin Republics understand that the United States will not protect them from the effects of financial delinquency and internal disorder.

ITALY TAKES A HAND.

ROME, Dec. 16.—The claims of Italy on Venezuela referred to by Foreign Minister Prinetti in the Chamber of Deputies here yesterday comprise losses sustained by Italian citizens during the recent revolutions. Most of the 7,618 Italian residents of Venezuela have been heavy losers. The Foggia oil firm, from Elba, is the greatest sufferer. All its property was sacked.

(Continued on Page 7.)

There is Happiness in Vigorous Health



Don't you want to feel the glow of new-born life in your blood and nerves, to feel the bubbling spirit of youth again? Don't you want to have a strong heart, courage, nerves of steel, self-confidence, strength, ambition, energy, grit and endurance? Don't you want to be rid of the "come and go" pains, the rheumatism, the lumbago, the Varicose, Weak Back and the many other troubles that make life miserable? Then try

Dr. McLaughlin's Electric Belt

It gives lasting strength. Its cures are permanent, forever. Its touch is the touch of magnetism; it creates in a weakened body new life, strength, energy, courage, happiness and long life. It is Nature's Greatest Restorer, applied gently while you sleep. It will transform your weakened, pain-racked body into a paradise of health. Try it, you weak, debilitated man, you poor, weary and disheartened woman; feel the life blood warming your heart, the fire in your blood and the steel in your nerves. Let it cure you.

THE BEST ARGUMENT WHICH CAN BE OFFERED IN PRAISE OF A CURATIVE REMEDY IS THE WORD OF ONE WHO HAS TRIED IT AND SAYS, "IT CURED ME." HERE IS ONE OF 50,000 AND THE EVIDENCE OF THE OTHERS IS ON FILE AT MY OFFICE FOR ALL WHO ARE INTERESTED.

FREE TEST—I will be glad to give you a free test if you will call. Or I will send you my little book, with full information, sealed, free, if you will send this ad.

Dr. M. E. McLaughlin, 900 Market Street, San Francisco, California.

Never sold by Agents or Drug Stores.

Low Wheel Buggies at Cost

To dispose of our stock of Low Wheel Rubber Tired Buggies, we will sell them at cost.

Former Price \$160. Now \$125.

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Note these figures—No thing like them were offered before. Substantial reductions on all other vehicles.

Harness, Whips, etc. likewise reduced.

Pacific Vehicle & Supply Co., Ltd.

Beretania St., Near Fort.

Castle & Cooke.

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LIFE and FIRE INSURANCE AGENTS.

AGENTS FOR

New England Mutual Life Insurance Co. OF BOSTON.

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Order Your

Lemon Soda, Root Beer, Ginger Ale, Cream Soda, Orange Cider, Pineapple Cider, Komel, Strawberry, Sarsaparilla and Iron

from an old house with an established reputation. Free delivery to all parts of the city and Waikiki.

Consolidated Soda Water Works

COMPANY, LTD.

Telephone Main 71. Works 601 Fort street.

The Pacific Hardware Co., Ltd.

Household Department, Bethel Street.

Special Closing Out Sale of Surplus Stock to Make Room for New Holiday Goods Which Must be Opened at Once. DON'T MISS THE BARGAINS.

15c. Steel Chopping Knives, now.... 5c.
Broad knives with carved handles, always sold at 50c., only..... 25c.
White enamelled cream jugs..... 20c.
Best quality ice picks, choice..... 20c.
Scotch granite drinking cups..... 10c.
White enamelled dust pans, 4 sizes, very strong, will last for years, choice..... 20c.
Gray enamelled pierced dippers and skimmers, your choice, each..... 10c.
Plated knives and forks, 1/2 dozen each in lined box, choice, box..... 75c.
Table spoons, silver steel, 3 different patterns, always 75c. dozen, now..... 50c.
Tea spoons, silver steel, per doz..... 50c.
Tin tea and coffee pots, 1 quart..... 10c.
2 quarts..... 15c.
3 quarts..... 20c.
6 quarts..... 35c.

SOME OF THE LOTS ARE SMALL, BUT WILL BE REPLACED BY OTHERS AS SOON AS SOLD.

White enamelled tea pots, should be 75c. Special sale price..... 35c.
White enamelled coffee pots, very durable, always clean, your choice..... 40c.
Tubed cake pans, gray enamelled, always 25 and 30c. each, choice, any size..... 10c.
Carving knives and forks, best steel, set, now per set..... \$1.50
Carving knives and forks, extra good and strong, should be \$1.25, a bargain, per set..... 75c.
Sixty-cent Christy meat knives only..... 25c.
White enamelled spoons from 40c. to 25c.
Gray enamelled candlesticks, only..... 10c.
Gray enamelled coffee crushers, 1-lb. 15c. Tin sauce pans with covers, 1 qt., 10c. 2 qts., 15c.; 3 qts., 20c.; 4 qts., 25c. 6 qts. 35c.
Tin covered buckets, 1/2 qt., 5c.; 1 qt., 10c.; 2 qts., 15c.; 3 qts., 20c.; 4 qts., 25c.; 6 qts. 35c.

The Pacific Hardware Co., Ltd.

Household Department, Bethel Street.

HAWAIIAN GAZETTE.

Published at the Postoffice of Honolulu, H. T., Second-class Matter.

SEMI-WEEKLY.

PUBLISHED TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.

WALTER G. SMITH, EDITOR.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

Per Month, Foreign \$1.00

Per Month, Foreign \$1.00

Per Year, Foreign \$10.00

Payable in Advance.

A. W. PEARSON, Manager.

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 26.

CHRISTMAS THOUGHTS.

One of the most significant aspects of the world's Christmas is the news that its approach is being signaled by the reference of the Venezuelan trouble to a court of arbitration. There were the elements of a bloody and prolonged war in the assault of two great powers upon a disordered, a bankrupt and a helpless American republic. One has but to read the dispatches from Washington, embodying the comment of Senators and Representatives, to see how easily a war-spirit might have arisen there; and the earlier advances from Venezuela showed a growing and more reckless policy of aggression which might, at any moment, call for the intervention of this power. Fire was burning dangerously near an international powder magazine. At any moment an explosion might come. But a calm word from Washington, a sober second thought at London, a rise of Christian spirit at Berlin, and the fire was put out and the whole question, upon which hung the issues of peace and war, was referred to the judgment of an impartial court.

It was a triumph for enlightenment; it was the noblest tribute to our day to the memory of Him whose birth we celebrate. But the pity of it is that human nature has taken nineteen hundred years to reach, in international dealings, the philosophy which Christ taught on the plains and from the mountain tops of Judea and enshrined in the immortality of Scripture. Still a thousand years are but a day in His sight and centuries count for little in the cycle of the ages. In that cycle

An increasing purpose runs. And the process of men are broadened. With the process of the suns.

But it is not alone the "process of the suns." Time does not necessarily impart a wider view nor a milder character. Some of the abyssal depths, as is the Ethiope who wears the burnished livery of suns that rose before history began. For the good in the world there is a more fruitful source, a more definite and convincing cause than human experience. What we see of increasing purposes for good, of broadening charity and fellowship, of diminishing war and misery, of brighter hopes of millennial concord, harks back to one stately and element figure, bearing the world's sorrows and the world's hopes, standing in majesty alone upon the Mount.

Arbitration is the doctrine of Christianity supplanting the instinct of force. It carries into the frictions of world politics the principles of justice.

Now wakes the power that in the age of iron burst forth.

Where men were wont to slay each other and lay homes in ashes, and devastate pleasant fields and desecrate the sanctuaries, there is now at hand the spectacle of calm and wise adjudication. Rising high above all other monuments left by the closing century of the nineteenth century, is the court of arbitration at The Hague. As time goes on it will acquire a dignity greater than any throne of earth and let us hope more power and authority than all the thrones save that from which the whiteness of its purposes reflects.

The Secretary of War, in his annual report, has come out squarely as follows for the post canteen. He says:

"Referring to the operation of Section 38 of the act of Feb. 2, 1901, which prohibits the sale of beer and light wines in post exchanges, I said in my last report that a great body of reports had been received which indicated that the effect of the law was unfortunate, but that I thought a sufficient time had not elapsed to give the law a fair trial, and that the observation and report of its working would be continued during the coming year. A great number of additional reports have now been received, and they confirm the impression produced by the earlier reports. I am convinced that the general effect of prohibiting the use of beer and light wines within the limited area of the Army post is to lead the enlisted men to go out of the post, to frequent vile resorts which cluster in the neighborhood, to drink bad whiskey to excess, and to associate intimately with abandoned men and more abandoned women; and that the operation of the law is to increase drunkenness, disease of the most loathsome kind, insubordination and desertion, and moral and physical degeneration. These reports are ready to send to Congress whenever that body desires to consider the subject."

General Miles, who opposed the canteen a year ago, has nothing about it in his present report and is said, on the authority of the Army and Navy Journal, to have been so impressed by the volume of evidence in its favor as to have changed his mind.

The news via Fanning about Venezuela was four days' later than that given in the files and special dispatches from which the Advertiser derives its telegrams this morning. It appears from the Fanning advice that the whole trouble, which looks so ominous in the mail news, has been turned over to arbitration, probably The Hague tribunal. This has been done at the instance of the United States. When the arbitration comes off, Venezuela should be able to get up a very good counter claim for damages, using King Omar's decision in the Anglo-American-Somali case for what it is worth in being a charge of unjustifiable coercion on the part of Great Britain and Germany.

EXPORTS AND IMPORTS.

The fact that the exportation of manufactures this year is larger than in any preceding year except 1919, and that the importation of manufacturers' materials is also larger than in any preceding year, lends interest to a statement just prepared by the Treasury Bureau of Statistics showing the details of exports of manufactures and importation of manufacturers' materials.

The principal manufactures exported are iron and steel, mineral oils, copper, leather, cotton, agricultural implements, chemicals, wood, paper, paraffin, tobacco, fibers, cars and carriages, India rubber goods, books and other printed matter, distilled spirits and musical instruments—their relative value being in the order named.

The principal manufacturers' materials imported are hides and skins, chemicals, silk, India rubber, copper, tin, wool, cotton and wood—their relative value being in the order named.

The Bureau of Statistics has prepared a statement showing the exportation of these great groups of manufactures and the importation of the great groups of manufacturers' materials in the ten months ending with October, 1920, compared with the corresponding period of last year. It shows that exports of iron and steel manufactures for the ten months ending with October, 1920, were \$1,977,545 against \$5,911,774 in the corresponding months of last year; exports of mineral oils were \$1,151,261 against \$55,140,398 in the corresponding months of last year; exports of copper were \$40,237,345 against \$28,176,263 in the corresponding months of last year; exports of leather and manufactures of were \$25,412,636 against \$24,115,932 in the corresponding months of last year; exports of cotton manufactures were \$28,553,131 against \$21,871,264 in the same months of 1920; exports of agricultural implements were \$16,246,556 against \$15,812,144 in the corresponding months of last year; chemicals, drugs, medicines, etc., were \$11,199,111 against \$12,006,510 in the corresponding months of last year; manufactures of wood were \$10,410,430 against \$9,216,197 in the corresponding months of 1920, and paper and manufactures of, were \$6,200,165 against \$6,145,705 in the same months of last year.

In importations of manufacturers' materials the figures of the ten months ending with October, 1920, show an increase in nearly all articles. Importations of hides and skins in the ten months ending with October, 1920, were \$48,321,871 in value against \$46,692,776 in the same months of last year; chemicals, which are largely used in manufacturing, were \$48,701,129 against \$45,840,286 in the same months of last year; silk manufactures \$29,576,097 against \$23,996,628 in the corresponding months of last year; fibers, \$23,938,891 against \$21,198,922 in the same months of last year; tin, \$17,773,089 against \$16,248,510 in the corresponding months of last year; wool, \$16,413,164 against \$11,624,278 in the same months of 1920, and cotton, \$8,650,468 against \$6,000,228 in the corresponding months of last year.

A series of tables has been prepared by the Treasury Bureau of Statistics, showing the exportation of manufactures in each year from 1790 to 1920, and the distribution of each article to every country and grand division of the world during the period from 1891 to 1901, and this analysis shows that fifty-two per cent of the manufactures go to Europe and twenty-four per cent to North American countries other than the United States.

The exports of manufactures amounted, in 1790, to \$1,337,293 and formed 6.1 per cent of the total domestic exports; during the period of 1790-1890 they averaged \$1,972,582 per annum and formed 6.6 per cent of the total; during the decade ending with 1810 they averaged \$3,935,541 per annum and formed 8.9 per cent of the total domestic exports; during the decade ending with 1820 they averaged \$5,559,919 per annum and formed 6.6 per cent of the total domestic exports; during the decade ending with 1830 they averaged \$6,021,636 per annum and formed 11.3 per cent of the total domestic exports; during the decade ending with 1840 they averaged \$12,058,712 per annum and formed 10.8 per cent of the total; during the decade ending with 1850 they averaged \$27,407,473 per annum and formed 11.8 per cent of the total; during the decade ending with 1860 they averaged \$38,362,268 per annum and formed 16.1 per cent of the total. From that period forward the growth was very much more rapid; during the decade ending with 1870 they averaged \$52,792,242 per annum and formed 16.1 per cent of the total; during the decade ending with 1880 they averaged \$136,017,112 per annum and formed 18.1 per cent of the total exports; during the decade ending with 1890 they averaged \$242,278,374 per annum and formed 23.5 per cent of the total; in the fiscal year 1900 they were \$433,854,756 and formed 31.6 per cent of the total exports; in the fiscal year 1901 they were \$405,932,324, forming 28.1 per cent of the total, and in the fiscal year 1902 they were \$405,641,401 and formed 29.8 per cent of the total.

It turns out that the now famous "Letters of a Self-Made Merchant to His Son," first published in the Saturday Evening Post and subsequently in book form, were written by George Horace Lorimer, the editor of the Post. The letters are about as good commercial literature as any young man ought to pick off a Christmas tree. A sample of their style appears in the following bit of advice which the merchant gave when the boy got to speculating:

"Now, I want to give you that tip on the market. There are several reasons why it isn't safe for you to trade on 'Change just now, but the particular one is that Graham & Co. will fire you if you do. Trading on margin is a good deal like paddling around the edge of the old swimming hole—it seems safe and easy at first, but before a fellow knows it he has stepped off the edge into steep water. The wheat pit is only thirty feet across, but it reaches clear down to Hell. And trading on margin means trading on the ragged edge of nothing. When a man buys, he's buying something that the other fellow hasn't got. When a man sells, he's selling something that he hasn't got. And it's been my experience that the net profit on nothing is nil. When a speculator wins he don't stop till he loses, and when he loses he can't stop till he wins. "When I sell future on 'Change, they're against him that are trading

into dry salt at the rate of one a second, and if the market goes up on me I've got the solid meat to deliver. But, if you lose, the only part of the hog which you can deliver is the squeal."

The death of Mrs. U. S. Grant removed a woman who has had remarkable ups and downs of fortune. She had known what it was to be the wife of the poor dervish who left the army at Vancouver Barracks and drifted to San Francisco and to a garret room in the old What Cheer House; to be the helpmeet of a wood-hauler of St. Louis and a tanner of Galena, and then to stand by his side when he came to Washington, fresh from victorious battlefields to receive the highest rank in the army and later the Presidency of the United States. She went with him around the world to be received in every great court of Europe and Asia and comforted him when, under the staggering blow of a business failure, the ex-President saw his means of livelihood vanish into thin air. Now she will rest by his side in the most splendid mausoleum of the new world.

The latest news shows that the cable went out of San Francisco all right. It is not very likely to have trouble en route, unless it be in the Molokai channel where some extraordinary conditions may be met. At the time the inter-island cable went to pieces there it was found that the channel's bottom was a mass of sharp edged lava stubble over which the current set more strongly than at the surface. Such a Procrustean bed will test the toughest fiber. However, if the cable doesn't stand it there, a landing can easily be made at Waimanalo and the line brought over the Pali to this city.

This is a bad time for Hayti to get turbulent again, seeing how many German business interests it is pledged to protect.

Honolulu will not be able to send Christmas wishes by the cable but may connect for New Year greetings.

CHRISTMAS.

In dreams I may behold the Master's face
As He saw God's, alone in Galilee;
But such a supernatural vision do I see
Only afar, in other time and place.
When fancy fain would know His gentle grace
In this, our hard and ruthless century,
It seems the Christ of mystic love
Must be
For the warm East, not this cold alien race.

Perchance He may, through sympathy divine,
Come to our clime in patient toil's disguise;
Or else in modest knightlyhood, with high powers
To lowliness transfigured, past surmise.

So might we see His matchless glory shine,
As his disciples saw—were their faith ours.

HENRY TYRRELL.

As his disciples saw—were their faith ours.

HENRY TYRRELL.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS.

List of deeds filed for record December 23rd, 1920:

First Party. Second Party. Class.
J. F. and F. Kelley—A. E. Day.... D
L. G. Kellogg and wife—M. E. Clark.... D
A. O. Clark—M. E. Clark.... D
M. E. Clark et al.—Miss A. O. Clark.... D
Palolo Land & Imp. Co.—Jno. M. Lydgate.... D
S. Kamehameha et al.—M. Kapule.... D
Mahuka et al.—M. E. Foster.... D
Tr. Gear, Lansing & Co.—J. P. C. Hagens.... D

Dec. 15—H. Nicol to O. Scott, lots 3 and 4, Bk. L, Kapolei Park Addition, Honolulu, Oahu. Consideration \$150.

D. Pohakahi to W. F. Dillingham et al., D, Int. in Gr. 233 and 34 Int. in Gr. 237, Waiwala, Oahu. Consideration \$1.

W. F. Dillingham and As. Atty. et al. to D. Pohakahi, D, one-seventh Int. in Gr. 248, Waiwala, Oahu. Consideration \$1.

K. Kamehameha (widow) to W. F. Dillingham et al., D, Int. in R. Ps. 233 and 337, Mokuia, Waiwala, Oahu. Consideration \$350.

Dec. 16—Wm. C. Achi and wife to A. K. Ahi, D, lots 9 and 10, Bk. C of K. 6450, Ap. 1, Kapolei Tract, Honolulu, Oahu. Consideration \$4250.

C. A. Wright and husband to A. A. Long, D, Int. in Est. of Charles A. Long. Consideration \$1 and Bond \$8,000.

M. de Mello and wife to J. Nobriga, D, por. Land Patent 411, Ahaolu, Hamakua, Hawaii. Consideration \$600.

Kanakaokai to Honokaa Sugar Co., D, 4 Int. in kul. \$379, Honokaa, Hamakua, Hawaii. Consideration \$15.

P. Kamau to S. M. Damon, D, por. kul. 7715, Moanalua, Honolulu, Oahu. Consideration \$750.

Dec. 17—F. E. Nichols and wife to Thos. E. Wall, D, lot 48, Pacific Heights, Honolulu, Oahu. Consideration \$1.

Thos. E. Wall to Fanny B. Nichols, D, lot 48, Pacific Heights, Honolulu, Oahu. Consideration \$1.

Mauna Loa's Good Run.

Captain Simerson evidently did not enjoy the bantering regarding the speed of his vessel at the Harbor 84 special meeting for he took a peg or two out of the Kinau on the way to Lahaina on Tuesday. The Mauna Loa left Honolulu for Lahaina about twenty minutes later than the Kinau but beat the latter vessel to that port by about an hour's time.

WORLD'S NEWS CONDENSED.

Chudra among the Moros is imperiling the tribe. Snipers are becoming very frequent in the Ilocos army.

George T. Hohen, a prominent San Francisco business man, is dead.

Lloyd C. Griscom of Pennsylvania has been appointed Minister to Japan.

The captured Venezuelan gunboats are now manned by British sailors.

Chris. McCullough, the Stanford mausoleum watchman, dropped dead.

"Lucky" Baldwin had a narrow escape from death in a runaway at Pasadena.

The big St. George winery near Fresno was destroyed by fire. Loss, \$500,000.

Bellamy Storer says the King of Spain and his mother are on the best of terms.

Another Kipling poem is said to be forthcoming and aimed at the British war office.

General Miles will arrive in Berlin on January 15, and will be received by the Emperor.

The House Committee of Judiciary has voted against the introduction of an anti-polygamy bill.

A French magistrate rendered a decision stating that Mrs. Gore's death was due to an accident.

John W. Gates has donated \$125,000 to the town of Port Arthur, Texas, for municipal improvements.

Geo. W. Prescott, former president of the Union Iron Works, died suddenly at the Palace hotel.

E. T. Pierce, "Bear Tracks," an Ogallala Sioux, has been elected to the South Dakota Legislature.

An effort is being made to secure a pension of \$2,000 a year for the widow of the late Gen'l Franz Sigel.

Herr Antrick, socialist, made a speech in the Reichstag lasting eight hours, the longest on record.

The Dominion of Canada government has disallowed the recent British Columbia anti-Jap legislation.

Major John Hancock of Washington, D. C., a relative of General Winfield Scott Hancock, was stricken with paralysis.

First Royal Congressman.

Prince Jonah Kuhio Kalaniana'ole, who represents Hawaii in the next House of Representatives, is the first royal person to enter the Congress of the United States. Already there is much speculation as to just how he will be addressed. He is called at home "Prince Cupid." Those who want to avoid such familiarity designate him as Prince Kuhio, which is correct. Some may insist on "Mr. Kalaniana'ole," but the name is so long and so intricate in vowels that it is feared few who are not acquainted with the Kanaka language will care to try it.—Kansas City Journal.

The Bishop Estate Wharves.

Permission has been granted the Bishop Estate to construct a dolphin at the entrance to its new dock, and this will also act as a protection for the Heian boat house and float. The new dock is now all ready for use and it is expected that the Korea will dock there on her arrival from Yokohama a week from next Sunday.

Rithet Nearly Loaded.

The bark R. P. Rithet has nearly got a full load of sugar, but will sail from here on December 31 whether she has a full load at that time or not.

OF THE MULTITUDES.

who have used it, or are now using it, we have never heard of any one who has been disappointed in it. No claims are made for it except those which are amply justified by experience. In commending it to the afflicted we simply point to its record. It has done great things, and it is certain to continue the excellent work. There is—we may honestly affirm—no medicine which can be used with greater and more reasonable faith and confidence. It nourishes and keeps up the strength during those periods when the appetite fails and food cannot be digested. To avoid imitations and substitutions, this "trade mark" is put on every



bottle of "Wampole's Preparation," and without it none is genuine. It is palatable as honey and contains the nutritive and curative properties of Pure Cod Liver Oil, extracted by us from fresh cod livers, combined with the Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites and the Extracts of Malt and Wild Cherry. Taken before meals it creates an appetite, aids digestion, renews vital power, drives out disease germs, makes the blood rich, red and full of constructive elements and gives back to the pleasures and labors of the world many who had abandoned hope. Dr. S. H. McCoy, of Canada, says: "I testify with pleasure to its unlimited usefulness as a tissue builder." Its curative powers can always be relied upon. It makes a new era in medicine and represents the best medical advice of the twentieth century. Effective from the first dose. "You cannot be disappointed in it." Sold by all chemists the world over.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

(From Wednesday's daily.)

There was little change yesterday in the condition of Bishop Gulshan.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Charles E. Wright on December 15.

T. Thos. Fortune visited Waiwala yesterday, looking over the plantation at that place.

Judge Gear did not leave on the Sonoma yesterday for San Francisco as he had expected to do.

The Kona and Kau Railway has obtained grants from fifteen owners of real estate for the right of way in South Kona.

Supt. Cooper will probably have his report for submission to Commissioner Eustis today, concerning public buildings in the islands.

Fire warrants were in much demand again yesterday, all the Chinese certificates being presented. All the warrants are now ready for distribution and will be given out upon application.

Nothing has been heard as yet from Governor Dole regarding a reprieve for Tanbara. Supt. Cooper forwarded a wireless message to the Governor setting out in brief the facts in the matter. It is not believed that Governor Dole will act unless upon the recommendation of Judge Estee.

(From Thursday's daily.)

The case of Wilder's Steamship Co. vs. Kamalo Sugar Co. has been dismissed.

News from Admiral Merry is to the effect that he is now on recruiting duty at Boston Navy Yard.

Permission has been granted the Bishop Estate to construct a dolphin at the entrance to its new dock.

Judge De Bolt made an order yesterday allowing Nina Flint alimony of twenty dollars per month, by consent of her husband.

Judge Wilcox yesterday discharged T. Ryan, the Solace bluejacket, from custody on the charge of taking a watch belonging to C. H. Ball.

C. M. White has given a bond of \$10,000 as chief clerk in the Public Works office. His sureties are L. H. Dee, Henry Davis and J. Hughes.

A daughter of C. J. Hutchins of this city was mixed up in the accident which occurred at the landing of the cable in San Francisco, but escaped unhurt.

Diamond Head Charley had a substantial Christmas gift from the merchants of Honolulu and desires, through these columns, to express his thanks and appreciation. Col. Soper, who got up the testimonial, is gratefully mentioned by the veteran guardian of the Diamond Head station.

Suit was instituted yesterday in the Circuit Court by the Pacific Mill Co. against the Enterprize Mill Company, for damages amounting to \$2,078.27. The plaintiff alleges that certain tools necessary to mill business were taken possession of by the defendants contrary to the plaintiff's rights.

The wreck of the dredger, which was lost in the Pearl Harbor bar opening work some time past, was sold at auction by Morgan yesterday. There were few bidders, the successful one being Gerrit P. Wilder. It is the intention of the buyer to make an early attempt to raise the wreck. The dredger was insured for \$20,000.

Sugar Rush Is On.

Big sugar shipments are now arriving almost daily from the other islands. The steamer Mikahala arrived from Kauai ports yesterday with 5,000 bags of sugar. The bark Alden Besse commenced to load sugar yesterday.

Generals Botha and Delarey have sailed from London for South Africa.

The Unlucky Boy is always getting his fingers burnt, his hand cut or his shoulder sprained. His parents should keep a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm in the house. This is a liniment of superior merit. One application gives relief. Try it. All dealers and druggists sell it. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii.

Honolulu Stock Exchange.

Honolulu, December 24, 1920.

NAME OF STOCK Capital Val Bid Ask.

MERCANTILE

C. Brewer & Co. 1,000,000 100 100 100

L. B. Kerr Co., Ltd. 100,000 50 50 50

SUGAR

Ewa 5,000,000 30 30 30

Haw. Agricultural Co. 1,000,000 100 100 100

Haw. Com. & Sug. Co. 2,312,750 100 100 100

Haw. Sugar Co. 2,000,000 100 100 100

Honolulu 750,000 100 100 100

Honokaa 2,000,000 30 30 30

Haleiwa 500,000 100 100 100

Kahuku 500,000 100 100 100

Kihikihi 500,000 100 100 100

Kipahulu 100,000 100 100 100

Koloa 500,000 100 100 100

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GARDEN ISLAND

News Notes From Across the Channel.

LIHUE (Kauai), December 22.—The new bugs imported for destroying lantana would be of considerable value here, owing to the fact that our pastures are decreasing as the rapid growth of this shrub covers large areas of land.

Mr. H. A. Jaeger's horse, Racine Murphy is making a name for himself on the track in Honolulu, and as he is a Kauai horse his future record will be watched with interest by a number of people here.

We are glad to note that the McBryde Sugar Co. is planting trees on their lands, partly on the windward side of their fields as a protection from wind and partly in rich hollows with a view to future fuel. We commend the wisdom of this course.

A. P. Mueser and A. Smedley, the Mormon missionaries are making the tour of the island, holding the services at different places. They claim that the number of new converts during the past month reached 35. The total number of the Mormons in this island is now above 600.

Mr. H. A. Jaeger has moved his store from the Government road at Makalei down to his new Kula landing. Also part of his quarters for his laborers. These buildings together with the McBryde Sugar Co. camp near there make a nice little village there, and a good deal of activity.

The miserable rain which poured down over the locality of Lihue has destroyed the roads which were in a better shape by the efforts of Mr. Palmer of the Road Board. It was only within twenty-four hours after he completed the grading that the roads were in their old shape. Isn't there a better economy?

Mr. Sedgwick of the Federal experimental station of Honolulu has been visiting points of interest on Kauai. During the last week he made a visit to Hon. Rice's starch factory at Hualala. He intends to start a farmer's institute here. The bulletin on the disease of water Talo and chicken prepared by him will shortly be out.

There have been a large number of alterations in Eleale lately; a number of the old landmarks having been moved out to the new mill, which is a more central location. There has been an abundance of rain here this fall, and the plantation is in a very prosperous condition. The mill commenced grinding on the 8th inst., and a busy season is anticipated.

Hans Schmidt a former timekeeper at Makalei Plantation has returned. He left in July, 1906 for China to enlist in the German army then stationed there. He has held the rank of Lieutenant before coming to this country and when the trouble broke out in China his war spirit arose and he left his position at Makalei. His many friends all hail him welcome and hopes his stay will be long.

Maxim Pondeck, a Galician working at Hanalei was drowned in Kapala river below the Catholic Church on 8th inst. when the bridge on the government road was also destroyed by the flood. It is reported that he was swept away with his horse by a swift current that came down so suddenly. His body was found in Chinese rice patch on the following morning. He leaves a wife with two children. The youngest one is only 9 months old.

Mr. L. C. Mann, Civil Engineer at Eleale, has invented a very simple and efficient electric irrigation meter which is now at work on the McBryde plantation. It is placed in the main ditch and keeps a continuous register of the water supplied to the fields. One of its principal advantages is its inexpensiveness. It is being adopted by the McBryde plantation for all their main ditches and will doubtless commend itself to other plantations.

A vast deal of work is being done by the McBryde Sugar Co. at Lawai in the extension of their railway across the Lawai valley and to Kukuia. This involves two large tunnels and several bridges. The work is well under way and will be finished in about 3 months. This section of the railway will not be needed until June 1, 1904. In conjunction with this work a spur is being built to the pump in the bottom of the valley to serve the double purpose of conveying coal to the pump and protecting the pump by means of the dyke from heavy freshets.

"The Garden Island" is formulating a meeting of all prominent Japanese in this island to meet shortly at Lihue or Koloa to discuss many important questions, among which that of our labor problem will be also brought up. Seeing that our interest is always identical with that of the sugar industry, we feel it as our duty to work for the welfare of what is the majority of the island. We hope the result of the proposed meeting will be the establishment of a Japanese league whose opinion gives a greater weight upon home government than that of merely personal.

The attention of the public is called to a very unique specimen of a tree that is rare in these islands. It may be seen in that part of the valley near the public school, which has recently been cleared and planted. Everything in the nature of useless vegetation has been removed, and only what is valuable left. In the latter class is the tree mentioned. It is quite unobtrusive, but may readily be recognized by its fruit which is of a somewhat roundish shape and dingy color. It is *Bacca hirsuta* or box tree, allied doubtless to the tree mentioned twice in

the Bible with two others. "I will set in the wilderness the fir tree and the pine and the box tree together." It is curiously named in the Hebrew, Tashur. The thanks of the community are due to the gardener whose experience discovered and preserved this novelty.—The Garden Island.

TOURISTS WILL COME TO HAWAII.

(Continued from Page 1.)

"The passenger agents with whom I talked are in favor of advertising the islands extensively as a means of bringing tourists to see the possibilities. Some of them will boom Hawaii in their own publications, believing it to be a means of inducing tourists to visit here. The New York Central was especially taken with the idea, and their December issue of the Four Track News contained an illustrated article upon Hawaii, as a starter. They promise also to publish articles in the coming issues, and I am preparing facts and pictures for their use. Another railroad has added a line about Hawaii to their ad. running in the Chicago papers, and nearly all of them promised to assist in a like manner. I came too late to get any notices in their winter publications, which were brought out in September, but next year they will advertise Hawaii extensively.

"All the railroad men say they will do what they can for us, but it will require more than that. It will take lots of hard work on our part and will cost lots of money, but I have no doubt but that tourists can be influenced to come this way if the attractions of the islands are properly presented.

"Eighty thousand tourists are booked to visit Los Angeles alone this winter. They will spend at least \$100 apiece, so you can readily see how much that amounts to for that city. A part, at least, of this number could be induced to come a little farther and visit the islands. There are lots of things here they would like to see, and now with the cable there is nothing to stand in the way. If the Associated Press would send out even a small reference to Hawaii it would be published in nearly every paper in the United States, and would be the best kind of advertising for the islands.

"I made the trip only for the Oahu Railway, but am of course ready to give my views to any of the commercial bodies of the city at their request."

CHRISTMAS IS JOYFULLY GREETED.

(Continued from Page 1.)

and strawberry preserve sandwiches, apple turnovers, tea and coffee, and dainty little bonbon boxes presented by the St. Andrew's Priory girls, and these were filled with candies the gift of the New England Bakery.

A number of presents were made to the Association. Mrs. James Hill, two jars of preserves for the lunch; Mrs. Davis, six loaves of home made bread; Miss Jennings, two Chautauqua course books; Mrs. J. A. Hill, three books; Mrs. S. N. Castle, an Atlas; a gift of 115 bonbon boxes by Priory girls; a large number of apple turnovers made by the girls of Kawaiahoi Seminary; Mrs. Dillingham, two dozen silver teaspoons for the lunch room; a large donation of magazines by Mrs. Pearson, which in time will be passed on to sailing vessels and prisoners in the jail.

The rooms will be closed today.

Coffee Company Capital.

The stockholders of the Kona-Chicago Coffee Company, in addition to taking action postponing the election of officers, at the meeting held in the offices of the corporation in the Stangenwald building on Monday, reached a decision to increase the capital stock from \$50,000 to \$100,000. The intention of the company is to hold the stock of coffee from the time of its being picked until a proper market is found, and this will mean perhaps a year before there will be realizations upon the crop. In this event the necessity for the increase of the capital becomes peculiar and the money will be used entirely in the course of business rather than in extensions at the present time. There are many stockholders in the company who were unable to be present at the meeting of Monday and the result was the decision to hold over the election.

Krum for Collector.

WASHINGTON, December 16.—While no official announcement has been made, it is understood that the President has decided to appoint Dr. W. D. Krum, the colored applicant, as collector at Charleston, S. C. Investigation of the charges involving the integrity of Dr. Krum has been made by the President and it is stated that they have been found unwarranted.

A Protective Pool.

NEW YORK, December 16.—Up to noon no call for assistance had been received by the \$50,000,000 pool organized by the leading banking interests as a protective measure. There has been no currency transfer out of this city for some days and indications point to a return of money from various interior points.

Illinois Bank Robbed.

BLOOMINGTON (Ill.), December 16.—The bank of Clarence, in Ford county, was opened by robbers last night and \$3,000 taken. The gang cut the telephone wires to prevent an alarm being sent out to neighboring towns. Citizens were awakened by the explosion, and chased the thieves, but they made their escape on a hand car.

THREE CHRISTMASSES

BY WALTER G. SMITH.

THE FIRST Christmas I can recall seems longer ago even than it is. My father's home was in a little hamlet of a far place and my brother and I were his only children. We did not doubt Santa Claus and had thought to sit up in hiding and see him at his gracious task. But the fire in the tall stove burned low, the wind made dismal clamor in the chimney and stormed at the window panes, buffeting the glass with crystals almost as fine as sand. Vaguely listening, we fell asleep and awoke, bewildered, in our bed. Light was dim on the frosted panes and the house creaked as houses do in that boreal land. At any other time so early in the morning we children would not have crept from our safe, warm place and braved the shadows and the cold that lay beyond the bedside, in the outer room; but it was Christmas, and father and mother, albeit sleeping, were near by. A candle was on the bureau and I lit the waxen dip and then, hand in hand with the smaller child, led the way to the place where the long stockings had been hung. In the weak glare of the candle light what wonders were revealed! The stockings that had fallen so limp from their pegs the night before were bulging now like the good saint's furry bag; and on the stand below rested a Noah's ark, gorgeous in bright paint, a handkerchief with horses' heads printed on the edges, some picture books, and mittens; and on the floor a green sled with a name painted in yellow on its shining plane. But for the moment these things were scarcely seen. The stockings must be emptied. Ah me! The gifts within were not bought with a prince's ransom, but what mattered that! The top, the rubber ball, the jackstraws, the sticks of candy, the pocket knife, the mouth organ, and the orange in the toe of the long stocking were worth as much to us as the presents to the little King of Rome had been to him; and the love that came with them from father and mother both, how it spans the chasms of the years and lays its benedictory touch upon the heart of the elder lad and upon the grave of the little one.

It was Christmas on the Coast of Southern California, and what a Christmas it was! When the sun rose above the big range where jagged peaks loomed athwart the moonlit sky all night like silhouettes upon a yellow and blue frieze, it glittered upon a sea that once more lay as silent as it had on that primeval morning before God's spirit moved upon the waters. The infinite ocean seemed a floor of glass. On the far horizon islands reared their ochered bulk and some of them took strange shapes in the mirage that had fallen upon them like a spell. It was worth the pangs of early rising to see old Padre Serra's cloistered world take on the gaudy hues of dawn. As the sun mounted higher its light flashed back from the granite sides of the island of the Blessed Dead, tipped the lighthouse with a lambent flame, lingered scarlet in the eastern window panes, and lost itself among the gray defiles of Mexico. As the day grew and the breeze came on, the sky was swept so clear of clouds that it looked like an inverted bowl of turquoise with a flaming jewel in the center. There was never a more perfect day since the new sky bent over the bower of the first man and the first woman. On the wide, warm lawns, people dreamed of by-gone holidays and thought of sleigh bells and the creak of snow underfoot while about them, amid the opening blooms of flowers the humming bird and butterfly made carnival. The orange trees with their golden spheres; the climbing roses that hung the loveliness of June upon the calendar of December; the geraniums and the fragrant shrubs vied with the palms and the acacia and the grevillea trees in making Christmas day worthy of the New Italy it had come to bless.

And what a day it was for the white-clad children, playing in the open air with the gifts St. Nick had brought them. And what a day it was for everybody, high and low, rich and poor; a day of pleasure and abundance, of a sunshine all could share, of a charity all were minded to bestow and of which few needed to partake.

As the shadows crept into the day, softening the landscape and sobering the wide sea, the very air, fragrant and murmurous, seemed to bring back the evening of the gray Franciscan monks who once did penance there. It was an hour of waiting and of undertone, of the howling down of hearts before the descending Host. And when the sun had passed below the sea, the western sky was glazed with amber, against which the island called Corpus Christi, the Body of Our

Lord, became like a dark altar waiting for the sacrifice. Soon moonlight softened the stark lines of the great rock, and the ocean about it, as if powdered with star dust from the Milky Way, sparkled like a field of the cloth of gold. And so Christmas came and went as with royal progress and in a pomp and circumstance and solemn majesty that befitted the kingly memories and glories of the day and the seer-seen tragedy to come.

There was a weird, strident, wailing cry in the air when I awoke on Christmas morning in a walled town of the Manchus—a captured town whose sons lay dead in heaps outside, their frozen eyes glaring with dull hate at the stranger passing unchallenged through their gates. Still dazed from a draught of lethal fumes, I thought that the ravening, uncanny sounds, now rising like the growls of beasts, now sinking to a single inarticulate shriek were some goaded chorus from the Pit, some passionate clamor of the damned and lost. Slowly the light grew, the mind cleared, things got back their natural look and sound, heard now in the distance, sent back a human note, uncanny enough, God knows, but gratefully and surely human. Afterward I knew that I had heard the matin song of a pagan soldiery, choired upon the gray old city walls in uncouth salutation of the dawn. But how sad and desolate it made the morning of the Christian holiday. Faint and alone, prone on a brick bed in a room where men had lived but yesterday and now were dead, myself still near the dark valley through which I had been led by an unseen hand—perhaps the hand of him whose baby fingers had been clasped in mine on that Christmas morning so long ago. I had no heart to rise. Outside the tatters of white winter lay upon the ground; ravens croaked upon the tiled roof or hopped awkwardly through the snow; the cold was bitter, and far above, hid by the scurrying clouds, the genii of the gales hastened like petrels of the upper deep to the gathering of a mighty storm. Weary and hopeless of the day, I fell asleep.

When I awoke it was early afternoon. The wind had gone far past and there was a beam of sunshine slanting through a jagged hole in the paper window by my bed. The long sleep had refreshed both body and mind, and hunger pressed for food. Then footsteps crunched the snow and in the army doctor came, and after him a comrade of the field, who stood by with pleasure in his rugged face when the man of science said I was getting better and must take the air. Hot broth was brought, and the breast of a fowl and a brimming glass; and so it came about that, with strength renewed, I ventured to say yes when pressed to join old friends and new that night in a Christmas feast. They would make me comfortable, they said, and if fatigued I might creep into a sleeping bag and rest on an army cot. Chums of camp and battlefield would be there; the old Field Marshal was the guest of honor, unless a Prince of the Blood should come; and noblemen of European armies had been summoned to the board.

It was a never-to-be-forgotten Christmas night. The dining room, a manger carpeted deep with rushes, was a symbol of the Birth. Through the broken roof stars shone with cold, inclement light; and about the table of the feast torches flared and quivered as the hanging goatskins at the doorway were thrust aside to disclose a snowy guest. At one end of the manger a great dragon flag, captured in a fierce fight near by, hung from upper beams, and at the other end a queer painted cartoon flushed red with Japanese victory, was blazoned in bas-relief against the dark. Swords and bayoneted guns were hung or stacked about; spears and guidons were there, while the flags of many countries, brought by the admiral from his fleet, were intertwined as if in pledge of everlasting peace.

And the generous banquet. It was as cosmopolitan as the guests. Prince and Marshal and Admiral found the tibbits that meant home. The splendid Russian had his white vodka and his black, hard, smooth caviar, unknown on Western tables; the French viscount found Parisian dainties and vintage of his grape-trellised land; the taotai of the ancient city plied his lacquered chopstick upon food fit for his pagan gods; the Britons and the Americans feasted as they might have done under the holly and after the grace in their most Christian countries. And as the night went on into the middle and dead vast of things, from somewhere in the yamen near at hand came one's own music, played by an imperial band—the Oriental chant with which Japan hails her Emperor; the stately hymn, bearing which the Russian stood with his right hand at salute; the Marchienne, swaying into

the march of armies, surcharged with memories of pike and torch and sword and liberty from kings; "God Save the Queen." God wot, and then, stirring the soul of the American stranger like the first glimpse of his country after exile, came "The Star Spangled Banner," sonorous, compelling, august!

In the end the British colonel asked his guests to rise, lock arms and hands and sing "Auld Lang Syne." Not all could phrase the Gaelic melody, but even the dark Marshal and the taciturn Prince felt the spirit of the song; and as the billowing air rose and fell I could feel the hand of brave old General Odera tighten in mine. As we parted he said: "When we return home after the war I hope we shall meet again."

Alas, for the kind, white-haired commander! It was on another holiday a little later, the day of the Chinese New Year, when I saw his division sweep through a zone of battle and, like a tidal wave, overwhelm a hostile fort. Down came the dragon banner, and soon the staff was tipped by a tiny flag with the sun disk of Japan gleaming redly, a cyclopean eye, upon the white field. A "banzai" from the victors and all was still. Then from the enemy's fleet, cornered in the bay below, a single shot was fired. It mounted in its great curve and descended like a lightning bolt into the parade ground of the fort. There was a flash, a puff of whitest smoke, and even by a ragged piece of shell, Odera yet stood erect, unawed, defiant of the summons that had come to him. Then turning proudly, his white lips firmly set, he marched half way to his waiting horse and then fell dead. For him the war had ended. He had gone home. Perhaps, who knows, we comrades shall meet again, not forgetting, even in the music of the spheres, that simple Gaelic song of Christmastide.—From last year's *Paradise of the Pacific*.

A LUNATIC'S BLOODY CRIMES

LA PERE, Mich., Dec. 16.—John Best, aged 38, single, a man of disordered mind, arose from his bed during the night and cut Jasper Clegg's head nearly entirely off with a razor, dangerously wounded his own mother, wounded his sister and finished by shooting himself to death with a pistol. Clegg, who was sixty years of age, boarded with the Bests. Best was committed to the insane asylum about a year ago, but six months later was discharged as cured. The crimes of the insane man occurred after 1 o'clock this morning.

Best appears to have gone first to the sleeping room of Clegg. He attacked Clegg with a razor, probably before the old man awoke. The victim's throat was slashed so deeply that the head was nearly severed from the body. The blade of the razor was broken by striking a bone. The murderer then evidently returned to his own room and to bed. The bedding in his room is covered with blood. At a later hour he again arose, went to the room of his mother. He struck Mrs. Best a blow with the damaged razor, but it fell short, though her chin was nearly cut off. She sprang out of bed, grappled with the crazy man and made her way to the door. Here she broke away from him and ran to a neighbor's, where she telephoned for the sheriff.

Best next invaded the sleeping room of his sister and slashed her across the cheek with the razor. When Best heard Sheriff Myers entering the house he appeared with a revolver and began shooting wildly. He aimed the last shot at his own head and fell dead.

The Bishop's Condition.

Bishop Gulistan's condition has changed but little in the past two days. He is growing weaker daily, but it is the belief of those who are watching over him that he will see the end of the Christmas season. His mind is still vigorous and he recognizes all who come to his bedside.

More Trouble in Hayti.

PORT AU PRINCE (Hayti), December 16.—General Saint Foix-Colin, Minister of the Interior and opponent of General Nord in the contest for the Presidency, has sought refuge in the United States legation.

There has been much firing in the city and a state of great excitement prevails.

Cornelius Vanderbilt Ill.

NEW YORK, Dec. 16.—Dr. Austin Flint made an early morning call at the home of Cornelius Vanderbilt today, and later said that Mr. Vanderbilt was a very sick man; that there had been no change in his condition from that of yesterday, and that the crisis would not be passed for two or three days.

Padilla Flies Colombian Flag.

PANAMA, December 12.—The former revolutionary gunboat Padilla was formally transferred to the Colombian government yesterday. She will leave here tomorrow for Chiriqui to bring to Panama the remainder of the government troops at that point.

The Archbishop of London, who was overcome while speaking in the House of Lords on the Educational bill, is growing weaker.

WANT THEIR OWN HOUSES

Complaints Made to Board of Health.

(From Thursday's Daily.)

The complaints of two leprous women who wanted cottages by themselves occupied the attention of the Board of Health yesterday.

Those present at the meeting were Dr. Sloggett, E. P. Dole, Dr. Moore, F. C. Smith, Dr. Cooper and M. P. Robinson.

A letter of complaint from W. R. C. Campbell referred to a request made by Mrs. Opu for a cottage for herself alone. She is now at the Bishop Home, according to the report of Superintendent McVeigh, and is receiving good care. He said that if she was given a cottage by herself there would be trouble from some of the other inmates, as he believed that all should be treated alike. The action of Mr. McVeigh was sustained.

Mrs. Martha Carlson also wanted a house, and asked in addition that she be given a patent toilet and a modern bathtub. She is a German woman, and says it is impossible for her to sleep in the same room with native women. Superintendent McVeigh reported that she had made a good deal of trouble, having asked that two husbands be sent to her as Kokuna. She had first demanded of him a six-room house, and afterwards said she would be content with a four room cottage with a toilet room and bath room. She is also in the Bishop Home, and though she was given the option of taking an outside room, replied that she didn't consider this safe for a woman without a husband. Superintendent McVeigh reported that Mrs. Carlson has means, and that he was willing to allot her land if she wished to build a cottage, but to grant her petition would establish a bad precedent. The petition of the woman was denied.

The tender of Paul Isenberg for furnishing milk cows to the settlement at \$75 each was accepted.

City Sanitary Officer Tracy reported on some faults in plumbing and sanitary arrangements at the relief camp on Vineyard street, known as Kauluwela camp. The property is owned by Theodore Richards, and Mr. Tracy stated that there was some disagreement over the carrying out of the orders of the inspector, which he wished the board to settle. The matter was referred to a committee composed of F. C. Smith, Dr. Moore, and M. P. Robinson.

Dr. Cofer reported as follows on health conditions in the Orient:
Yokohama, two weeks to December 9, 1902, no quarantinable disease.
Nagasaki, two weeks to December 4, 1902, no quarantinable disease.
Shanghai, two weeks to December 2, 1902: Cholera—case, 1; death 0. Smallpox—cases, 3; deaths, 2.
Kobe, two weeks to December 6, 1902: Cholera—case, 1; death, 1.
Hongkong, two weeks to November 27, no quarantinable disease.

REPUBLICANS WILL CAUCUS ON BILLS

When the Republican Central Committee meets next on January 3rd, it will be for the purpose of arranging for a gathering of members of the Legislature elected upon the Republican ticket, here some time previous to the opening of the regular session of the legislature, so that there may be a threshing out of the various matters which will come before the two houses.

The intention is to have such caucuses as will enable the controlling party to secure the legislation which its majority thinks wise, without delay and by the solid vote of its representatives.

There are many measures which are now being drawn or are under consideration and these will be gone over in caucus, according to the present outlook, and the decision of the leaders of the party is expected to meet with the approval of the rank and file.

The county bill will be ready for discussion early and it is thought there will be such talk over it prior to the meeting of the Legislature that its passage will occupy short time and the result will be that the work of the entire session may be got through with inside the prescribed sixty days.

A bill was introduced in Congress providing for the purchase of the Macdonald ranch in San Luis Obispo Co., California, to be used as an army instruction camp.

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The undersigned having been appointed agents of the above company are prepared to insure risks against fire on stone and brick buildings and on merchandise stored therein on the most favorable terms. For particulars apply at the office of
F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., AGTS.

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The above Insurance Companies have established a general agency here, and the undersigned, general agents, are authorized to take risks against the dangers of the sea at the most reasonable rates and on the most favorable terms.
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Having established an agency at Honolulu and the Hawaiian Islands, the undersigned general agents are authorized to take risks against the dangers of the sea at the most reasonable rates and on the most favorable terms.
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Now is the Time to Plant

SEEDS

A large shipment of fresh seeds has just been received.

It is not necessary to send to the coast for garden or vegetable seeds when the same may be had in a few days from the

Hollister Drug Company Honolulu, Hawaii.

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MARK'S 841 PILLS Are warranted to cure all kinds of ailments, from Malaria, Establishments of 20 years. In boxes of \$4 each, of all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the World. Proprietors, The Lincoln and Midland Chemical Drug Company, Lincoln, England.

DREDGING THE PEARL HARBOR BAR

Rapid Progress Is Made in Good Weather.

Given northerly or northeasterly winds or calm weather, there is in sight nothing which will prevent the early and satisfactory completion of the dredging which will mean the opening of Pearl Harbor for ships drawing thirty feet of water, within a short time. Despite the many difficulties encountered and the set-backs from accidents and weather, there has been completed the excavation of some 42,000 cubic yards of the total estimated 200,000 yards, which must be moved. The recent work of the small dredger, which is now putting in two shifts of twelve hours each a day on the contract, demonstrates that the mechanical difficulties which were encountered when the task was undertaken, are practically solved, and all that now remains is to catch the weather which will permit of the work being pushed, and the result will be satisfactory to the contractors, Cotton Brothers, and the sub-contractors, the Hawaiian Dredging Company. The work has been prosecuted with vigor when it is possible to work at all, and the progress has been up to every anticipation.

The problem of using a suction dredge upon the excavation was one which was difficult of solution but the success which has attended efforts of the men interested in the contract has been gained by the exercise of great ingenuity and a thorough knowledge of the capacity of the machine with which Capt. Parker has been able to do so much work. When the task was undertaken W. F. Dillingham went to San Francisco and there was unable to find an engineer who could furnish any suggestion as to the kind of suction pipe which should be used, for the purpose of bringing the work constantly to the suction end of the pipe. The usual form of deep sea dredge, that used in New York and Liverpool harbors, is a vessel which contains not only the dredging machinery, but also the storage tanks into which the sand is pumped and finally taken to sea for dumping purposes.

The departure of providing a scow dredge, with other scows for the transportation of the material taken out, to the dumping grounds, was one which offered no precedents from which to work, and the result was that the contract was undertaken with no previous experience of engineers which would serve to guide the managers. Mr. Dillingham had to return with such supplies as might be found available and the results which have attended the work, have disclosed that none of the previously formed plans were based on correct ideas of the variety of experiences which were to be undergone by men and machines. The first thing to be done was the removal of the revolving cutter knives, which are of service in getting into the hard mud and the softer coral, which is often encountered in inside work. There were difficulties in the way of providing a suitable nose for the suction pipe, which would keep it ever up to the work, and yet would prevent its being seriously damaged by the constant grinding of the roll of the machine. The pipe was fitted with knuckle joints, rubber webbed hose joints were tried and every plan to compensate for the pitching of the scow, and at length the problems seem to have been solved. The dredging machines now work upon a scow which has been given a freeboard above the deck and there has been no occasion as yet when the waves have endangered the machine or the men, as was the case with the larger machine which was lost when its weather anchor cable broke, and permitted the scow to swing into the wind presenting to the breaking waves an unprotected stern.

When the contract was taken over by Cotton Bros. there had been dug out by the scow dredge of the first company which undertook the work, something like 22,000 yards of material. This was brought up from holes which were made by the clamshell bucket, and there was no regularity of the excavation at all. It was only after long and tiresome experiment that Capt. Parker got his machine in shape for undertaking the work with a great degree of surety of performance. This was after the hard southern blow of a few weeks past when the larger dredger was lost. The smaller machine was then hauled out to the channel, in a wind which was from the northeast, and work was begun in earnest.

The receiving scows had been found tight and the pumping went on without interruption for a week during which there was taken out a total of 11,000 yards of material. Then the wind shifted to the southerly and again the dredge had to seek the security of Pearl Harbor. Finally a week ago it was sent out again and work was resumed at 6 o'clock on Tuesday last, within thirty minutes after the anchors had been dropped. The last report, that of Monday morning told that up to Sunday evening or after five days of continuous work, there had been taken out 42,000 cubic yards of sand, of a total

ELLIS' SEEK MORE DELAY

The long-threatened motion for a continuance in the Sumner case was filed yesterday by A. S. Humphreys, on behalf of Victoria Ellis Buffandeau and the remaining Ellis heirs, with a number of affidavits setting out facts which it is alleged can be proved by the testimony of W. S. and J. S. Ellis and Bishop Gulistan. An affidavit is also appended from Dr. Herbert, setting out the illness of the Bishop.

Mrs. Buffandeau, in her affidavit, alleges, among other things: "That affiant expects to prove and will prove by said William S. Ellis, that during the trial of proceedings to place said Sumner under guardianship as an insane person, had in the circuit court of the First circuit, Territory of Hawaii, during the month of September last, as alleged in the joint and separate answer of the defendants William Ellis, John S. Ellis, that he (Sumner) was tired of being in court, and that in order to pacify his sister Maria S. Davis, and to have all proceedings against him and his property dismissed, he, the said Sumner, would, with the consent and approval of said beneficiaries under said trust deed, give said Maria S. Davis fifteen thousand (\$15,000) dollars; that said William S. Ellis and the attorneys of record for said Sumner in said proceedings, protested against any settlement upon said Mary S. Davis; that from day to day thereafter said Sumner renewed his wish to settle said proceedings as aforesaid, until said beneficiaries under said trust deed finally consented to the payment of said sum of fifteen thousand (\$15,000) dollars to said Maria S. Davis for the purpose aforesaid.

"That thereafter with the consent of said William S. Ellis, John Ellis, and affiant, and with the consent and at the request of said Sumner, said Robert did distribute a portion of said sum of one hundred and ten thousand (\$110,000) dollars; that out of the portion so distributed fifteen thousand (\$15,000) was paid to said Maria S. Davis, and the sum of ten thousand (\$10,000) dollars to each of said beneficiaries under said trust deed; that at the time said distribution was made as aforesaid it was distinctly and expressly understood and agreed by the said Gulistan F. Robert, the said John K. Sumner, said William S. Ellis, said John S. Ellis and this affiant, that the balance remaining after said partial distribution ought to be, should be, and was to be held by said Robert trustee upon all and every the trusts in said deed of trust mentioned."

There is another affidavit to show what it is expected to prove by the Bishop, and Mrs. Buffandeau says:

"That affiant expects to prove and will prove by said Gulistan F. Robert, the contents and purport of said will, which said will, without the knowledge, consent, connivance, or instigation of this affiant, was on the 21st day of October, A. D. 1902, destroyed by said Sumner by burning the same."

"That the fact of the statement to said Robert by said Sumner and said Magoon in connection with the cancellation of said will, as set forth in paragraph six hereof, the contents and purport of said will cancelled and destroyed as aforesaid, and the letters from said Sumner to said Robert, directing a partial distribution of said trust fund, as set forth in paragraph four hereof, cannot be proved by any person other than said Robert and affiant averts, that the testimony to be procured from said Robert is not cumulative, but is indispensable to a proper hearing hereof."

"That this affiant believes the testimony, as above set forth, to be procured from said Robert, is true."

"That this affiant has reasonable expectation and belief that the testimony of said Robert can be procured by the 15th day of January, 1903."

"That this application for a continuance is not made for vexation or delay, but in good faith for the purpose of obtaining a fair and impartial hearing of the issues, and that justice may be done."

more than 10,000 cubic yards of sand. Taking the excavations of the first contractors, Clark & Henry, and the twelve days of successful dredging of the present machine, there is then something like 43,000 yards of material dredged out of the channel or more than twenty per cent of the entire amount which must be brought up for the completion of the contract. The progress means more, too, in that the period of experiment has passed and the men in charge know just what they may expect from their machine. The channel which is now being cut is 120 feet wide by thirty feet deep, and will extend for a total distance of 1700 feet. Of this distance there is close to 400 feet now complete. This will not constitute all the work which is to be done, but will materially help in the finishing of it. The channel when complete must be 180 feet wide, and have a slope on each side which will protect the channel against washing down of sand in the future. The greatest depth of the said hill which sand is being attacked is sixteen feet, the sand declining rapidly on each side of this hummock, to the deeper water which is found both outside and inside. The dredging develops that the character of the material which is being brought up differs from the usual conception of what would be discovered there. The material is not clean white sand, but there is a great amount of black and filthy earth, which would indicate that it constitutes the wash from Pearl Harbor, and is filled with the decayed matter of generations. It is the expectation of the men in charge of the work that the cutting through of the channel will make it possible for the sea to have free current access and thus will prevent the breaking which has so materially delayed the work heretofore. There may be also a degree of scouring of the channel which will tend to deepen and widen it as well.

WILLIE HALL FREE AGAIN

Spendthrift Trust Set Aside by Gear.

(From Wednesday's Daily.)

Willie Hall was discharged from spendthrift trust yesterday by Judge Gear, who a year ago put the young man under guardianship of his own motion. Hall has property worth \$50,000 and in a suit brought to set aside a lease given to C. Winam Hall testified that he spent all the money he got for beer, cigars, gambling and hacks, and would continue to do so if he was given his estate. Shortly thereafter Judge Gear ordered the boy into court to show why he should not be put under spendthrift guardianship and Hall testified at that time that he would spend all his money in riotous living, and consented, upon the advice of the court, to have his property placed in trust. Geo. R. Carter was appointed as guardian for the boy, at his own request, but shortly thereafter Hall through George Davis made an attempt to break the trust. This was unsuccessful Judge Humphreys refusing to interfere in the case, and a few months ago another petition was filed by Davis before Gear. This case dragged along, Davis making one attempt to bring it to trial, but when Judge Robinson offered to hear the matter, the attorney said he wanted Judge Gear to pass upon the matter. Yesterday an agreement was reached for the dismissal of the guardian, George R. Carter in his answer to the petition for discharge having signified his consent to be relieved of his duties.

Hall was put on the stand and testified that he had no further need of a guardian and was able to take care of both himself and his property. "How long since you have been drinking any liquor?" asked Mr. Davis.

"For a year and a half," replied Hall.

"You never drank anything?" interrupted the court.

"Nothing but soda water and things like that," replied Hall.

"Have you attended any gambling games?" asked Davis.

"Not since I was placed under guardianship."

"Never bet on any horse race, gambling game, or game of chance, did you?"

"No."

"Have you spent your time in riotous living?"

"No."

The spendthrift testified also that he had been working for some time for the Kapiolani Estate at a salary of ten dollars per week, and that he had no one dependent upon him for support. He said his property was worth \$50,000, though he considered it worth more.

"Do you feel that you are able to conduct your own business?" asked Davis.

"I feel that way at present," replied Hall and the order of discharge was made by Judge Gear, Carter consenting.

This order was as follows: "This matter came on for hearing regularly before me the undersigned Judge of the Circuit Court of the First Judicial Circuit at chambers sitting in probate and upon reading the petition, answer and stipulation and upon examining the record and hearing evidence, I do hereby order and decree that the guardian, George R. Carter, be discharged and the trust so created terminated upon the payment to the said Geo. R. Carter or his attorneys of record, Kinney, Ballou & McClanahan, of the sum of \$4,325 within thirty days from date, provided said amount be found due said Carter after accounting to this court."

GEO. D. GEAR, Second Judge.

A Surgical Triumph.

NEW YORK, Dec. 16.—Dr. Adolf Lorenz of the University of Vienna has begun his series of public operations for congenital dislocations of the hip. Two operations were performed by the Doctor at the Hospital for the Ruptured and Crippled, the patients being little girls, in the presence of about 300 physicians and surgeons. The first operation occupied about ten minutes and the second four and both were said to be successful. Professor Lorenz's assistant, Dr. Frederick Muller, operated upon a third patient, also a girl, the great surgeon finding it advisable to reserve himself for his other clinical engagements.

More Shots at King Leopold.

BRUSSELS, December 14.—As Leopold, King of the Belgians, was leaving the royal train in the station at Laken last night, two shots were fired at him. Neither took effect. It is not known whether the shots were fired by an assassin or by poachers, but in view of the dissatisfaction with the King that exists throughout the Kingdom because of his cruel treatment of his daughter, Princess Stephanie, the shooting is generally believed to have been a deliberate attempt to kill him, and much excitement prevails. The guards who surrounded the King have been redoubled tonight.

FREAR IS REVISING THE LAWS

Chief Justice at Work on His Report.

Chief Justice Frear is hard at work upon a revision of the laws of the Territory of Hawaii, which will be presented to the Legislature for action in February, in the form of from eighty to one hundred separate bills with a recommendation for their adoption. The need of an entire revision of both the criminal and civil laws of the Hawaiian Islands has been very apparent since the Organic Act went into effect, but the failure of the last Legislature to appoint a code commission left the matter untouched with an accompanying chaos which has had the courts at sixes and sevens for the past two years.

Chief Justice Frear is now preparing his biennial report to be submitted by Governor Dole to the Legislature, and the suggested new laws, and changes in the old ones will be supplementary to this report. There will also be important recommendations as to changes in court practice, in method of procedure, and as to appropriations, all of which subjects are in earnest need of attention.

"Numerous changes are required in the laws of the Territory, many of which are null and void, others of which are clearly unconstitutional," said the Chief Justice yesterday. "The Organic Act played havoc with the laws of the Territory, and the Legislature in the past often passed new laws without regard to those already on the statute books. Criminal and civil law are alike defective and there must be many amendments to existing laws, as well as new laws added. I am going over both the civil and penal laws and intend to prepare a revision to be submitted to the Legislature. These will be embodied in from eighty to one hundred bills which will be drawn up for presentation to the law-making body, for such action as it deems fit."

A revision of the laws of the Territory is greatly needed and the work of the Chief Justice will be a source of much satisfaction to attorneys and everyone else that has anything to do with the courts. One of the reforms greatly needed is in the practice, there being necessity for a uniform system of pleading and practice, as great confusion is constantly arising from the present lax methods permissible under the Territorial law.

Another law greatly needed is one providing for the drawing and impaneling of grand and petit jurors, the Territory now being without any such provision. The jurors are summoned under a combination of the old common law and the Territorial statute, and great confusion has resulted in the past because of this.

Probably the law which is most needed to relieve the pressure of business upon the grand jury and circuit courts is one fixing the status of petty offenders. Under the present laws persons guilty of larceny in the second degree can be sent to prison for more than one year, thus making the offense an infamous crime for which there must be a grand jury presentment and a jury trial. This throws an unusual burden upon the grand jury and higher courts, while all these petty offenses under a proper law could be easily and quickly disposed of by the district magistrate. Many additional changes are needed in both the civil and criminal laws, and the recommendations of Chief Justice Frear if adopted will do much to clarify the procedure in the Territorial courts.

FIXES NEW DATE FOR INAUGURATION

WASHINGTON, December 13.—A joint resolution was introduced in the House today by Representative De Armond, proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, providing that the term of the President shall continue until April 30, 1905, at noon, and thereafter April 30, noon, shall be substituted for March 4, as the beginning and ending of the terms of President and Vice President, and that the Fifty-ninth Congress shall end and the Sixtieth begin on January 8, 1907, at noon, and that thereafter each Congress shall begin and end on January 8 at noon.

WHAT IS A COUGH?

A spasmodic effort to expel the mucus from the bronchial tubes. A cold causes a more abundant secretion of mucus, and when the lungs and bronchial tubes are inflamed, they are extremely sensitive to the irritation. Unless care is taken, the cold may result in pneumonia, which is swift and deadly. If the cold is a lingering one, the more leisurely but equally fatal consumption may set in. Do not neglect a cold or cough. Take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It always cures and cures quickly. All dealers and druggists sell it. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii.

Be Strong

Why not be strong? Why not have a good appetite and a good digestion? Why not feel well and hearty all the time? You can just as well have it your own way as not, for there is strength, vitality, power, and good health in every bottle of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Always keep it on hand.



Here are the words and the photograph of Mr. R. H. Archer, of Hobart, Tasmania: "I often find myself weak, without appetite, and my whole system all run down. My blood gets impure and I have boils and eruptions. Then I always use Ayer's Sarsaparilla, for it makes my blood pure and rich, gives me strength and vitality, and braces me up wonderfully."

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

There are many imitations "Sarsaparillas." Be sure you get Ayer's.

Keep Ayer's Pills on hand and quickly correct any tendency to constipation. It's an easy way to prevent sickness.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., U.S.A.

HOLLISTER DRUG CO., Agents.

Sugar Four Cents

Market Strong

This is the latest news. Do you realize that this will bring to the Hawaiian Sugar Plantations several million additional dollars, and that you can expect some dividends next year?

On the strength of this bright future, you can afford to be liberal in your Christmas buying.

We have many beautiful things, useful and ornamental for the home, at prices to suit all.

Our opening night will be Friday, December 19th, with music as usual.

The store will be open evenings every night thereafter until Christmas.

W. W. Dimond & Co. LIMITED.

THE FIRST American Savings & Trust Co.

OF HAWAII, LTD.

Capital, \$250,000.00.

President Cecil Brown
Vice-President M. P. Robinson
Cashier W. G. Cooper
Principal Office: Corner Fort and King streets.

SAVINGS DEPOSITS received and interest allowed for yearly deposits at the rate of 4% per cent per annum. Rules and regulations furnished upon

INSURANCE

Theo. H. Davies & Co.
(Limited.)
AGENTS FOR FIRE, LIFE AND
MARINE INSURANCE.

Northern Assurance Company
OF LONDON, FOR FIRE AND
LIFE. Established 1830.
Accumulated Funds £2,575,000.

British and Foreign Marine Ins. Co.
OF LIVERPOOL, FOR MARINE.
Capital £1,000,000
Reduction of Rates.
Immediate Payment of Claims.

THEO. H. DAVIES & CO., LTD.
AGENTS.

IMPERIAL LIME

99 15-100 Per Cent Pure.

The very best Lime and in the
best containers.

In Lots to Suit.
Low Prices.

CALIFORNIA FEED CO.
AGENTS.

Olaa Sugar Co., Ltd
ASSESSMENTS.

The twenty-fourth and final assess-
ment of 10% or two dollars (\$2.00) per
share has been called to be due and
payable December 20, 1900.
Interest will be charged on assess-
ments unpaid ten days after the same
are due at the rate of one per cent (1%)
per month from the date upon which
such assessments are due.
The above assessments will be pay-
able at the office of The B. P. Dilling-
ham Co., Ltd., 1000 Broadway Building,
(Signed) **ELMER E. PAXTON,**
Treasurer Olaa Sugar Co.
May 12, 1900. 2383

Clarke's
Blood
Mixture

THE WORLD-FAMED BLOOD PUR-
IFIER AND RESTORE.
IS WARRANTED TO CLEAR THE
BLOOD FROM ALL IMPURITIES FROM
WHATEVER CAUSE ARISING.
For Scrofula, Scurvy, Eczema, Skin and
Blood Diseases, Blackheads, Pimples and
sores of all kinds, it is a never failing and
permanent cure. It
Cures Old Sores.
Cures Sores on the Neck.
Cures Sore Legs.
Cures Blackhead or Pimples on the
Face.
Cures Scurvy.
Cures Ulcers.
Cures Blood and Skin Diseases.
Cures Glandular Swellings.
Clears the Blood from all impure matter.
From whatever cause arising.
It is a real specific for Gout and Rheu-
matic pains.
It removes the cause from the Blood
and Bones.
As this Mixture is pleasant to the taste
and warranted free from anything injuri-
ous to the most delicate constitution of
either sex, the Physicians solicit sufferers
to give it a trial to test its value.

THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS OF WON-
DERFUL CURES
FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

Clarke's Blood Mixture is sold in bottles
of 1d each, and in cases containing six
times the quantity, sufficient to effect a
permanent cure in the great majority
of long-standing cases. By ALL CHEM-
ISTS and PATENT MEDICINE VEND-
ORS throughout the world. Proprietors
THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND CON-
TINUED DRUG COMPANY, Lincoln, Eng-
land. Trade mark—"BLOOD MIXTURE".

CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE

CAUTION.—Purchasers of Clarke's
Blood Mixture should see that they
get the genuine article. Worthless
imitations and substitutes are sometimes
palmed off by unprincipled vendors. The
words, "Lincoln and Midland Con-
tinued Drug Company, Lincoln, England,"
are engraved on the Government stamp, and
"Clarke's World Famed Blood Mixture"
blows in the bottle, WITHOUT WHICH
NONE ARE GENUINE.

CASTLE & COOKE CO., LTD
MONOLULU.

Commission Merchants

SUGAR FACTORS.

AGENTS FOR
The Ewa Plantation Company,
The Waiata Agricultural Co., Ltd.,
The Kohala Sugar Company,
The Waimea Sugar Mill Company,
The Fulton Iron Works, St. Louis, Mo.
The Standard Oil Company,
The George F. Blake Steam Pump
Works, Centerville, Va.
The New England Mutual Life In-
surance Company, of Boston.
The Aetna Fire Insurance Company, of
Hartford, Conn.
The Alliance Assurance Company, of
London.

**RUBBER
STAMPS**
At the Gazette Office.

ALLIED SHIPS
BOMBARD
PORT

(Continued from Page 3.)

Other important losses are an engineer
named Martinetti and ex-Deputy Fagi,
controller of the Maricao coal mines,
which were invaded by the Venezuelan
troops, who destroyed everything and
obliged the Italian miners to flee from
the country. All the marble works
in Venezuela besides other industries
were in the hands of Italians, hence
the aggregate of the Italian claims is
large.

The instructions transmitted to Cap-
tain Orsini, commander of the Italian
cruiser Giovanni Bausen, now at La
Guayra, are to act in full accord with
the British and German commanders
in the blockade of the Venezuelan coast
and any other measures which
may be considered necessary in order
to reach the desired object. The Italian
government, however, does not an-
ticipate having to co-operate in a very
serious action.

The Italian cruiser Elba is expected
to reach La Guayra January 4.
No further orders have been sent to
the Italian armored cruiser Carlo Al-
berto to leave Canadian waters for
Venezuela.

It is said here that Signor Mayor des
Planches, the Italian Ambassador at
Washington, has asked Secretary Hay
to request Minister Bowen to assume
the protection of the Italians in Ven-
ezuela if such a step became necessary,
and that Mr. Hay complied with the
request.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 16.—The Italian
Ambassador today called at the
State Department and advised Sec-
retary Hay that Italy had joined the al-
lies in the operations against Ven-
ezuela. He requested that Mr. Bowen
assume charge of the Italian interests
in Venezuela, and the Secretary grant-
ed his request, subject to the approval
of Venezuela. Italy enters the com-
bination on the same plane as to ab-
stention from territorial seizures as
Germany and Great Britain.

Falling to hear from Europe as to
Mr. Bowen's proposal to arbitrate the
Venezuelan troubles, Secretary Hay to-
day addressed cablegrams to the United
States Ambassadors at London,
Berlin and Rome, instructing them to
call the matter again to the attention
of the governments to which they are
accredited, with a view to securing an
early expression of opinion from them.

PARIS, Dec. 16.—Italy's attitude
toward Venezuela relative to the for-
mer's recent demand for payment of
claims has been made known by the
Italian Minister of Foreign Affairs to
the French representative at Rome and
has been communicated to the Foreign
Office here. It shows the demand of
Italy was not accompanied by an ultim-
atum, and there was no suggestion
of an intention to adopt force or join
in the joint naval demonstration.

The French Charge d'Affaires at
Caracas has forwarded his version of
the Porto Cabello bombardment. He
says the cause of it was indignities to
the British flag on board a merchant
ship and he reports that the city was
not injured, the damage done being
confined to the forts, which were de-
stroyed, partly by dynamite.

The Patrie prominently displays an
interview with Deputy d'Estournelles-
de Constant, who declares that Europe
is renewing a spectacle in Venezuela
which she had previously given in
China, Armenia and the Transvaal,
and urges Germany and Great Britain
to resort to arbitration.

CARACAS, December 15.—The Italian
Minister Rivas only handed to the
Venezuelan government certain de-
mands which were not in the form of
an ultimatum and which did not spec-
ify any limit of time for an answer.
His note simply asked for payment of
sums due Italy and in case of payment
being made to other countries it asked
for the same treatment.

The government answered today in
the negative to the note of Minister
Rivas, saying that tribunals exist in
Venezuela to judge any claims arising
from the revolutions.

The Associated Press correspondent
is informed that the Italian Minister
has cabled to Rome for further in-
structions.

The correspondent called today at
the Italian legation and saw Minister

Rivas and his wife and two daughters
with regard to the report that they
had embarked on the Giovanni Bau-
seni. They laughed and said: "We
have never left the city of Caracas
and much less embarked on the Italian
cruiser at La Guayra."

There is no excitement among the
people here against Italians because as
yet no Italian naval demonstration has
taken place.

It is now said that the object of the
German cruiser Panther in sailing for
Maracaibo is to capture the Venezue-
lan steamer Miranda, formerly the
Spanish torpedo boat Diego Velasquez,
and the remaining vessels of the Ven-
ezuelan fleet.

BREAK IN MONROE DOCTRINE.

NEW YORK, Dec. 16.—Italian par-
ticipation in the Anglo-German action
against Venezuela produces an effect
here, not anti-American, but one of
self-satisfaction and pride at taking
a part in what is considered the first
break in the Monroe doctrine, says the
Tribune Rome correspondent. Parlia-
ment and the public press, without dis-
tinction of party, which is very strange
in Italy, approve the action of the
Minister of Foreign Affairs.

PHASES OF THE BLOCKADE.

BERLIN, Dec. 16.—Secretary Hay's
note excepting American ships from
certain restrictions of the Venezuelan
blockade is favorably received by the
German government.

VENEZUELAN BLOCKADE.

NEW YORK, Dec. 16.—From an ap-
parently reliable source, says the Port
of Spain correspondent of the Herald,
it is reported here that a decree or-
dering the blockade of Venezuelan
ports will be issued Tuesday.

British torpedo destroyer Quail is
reported to be patrolling the Orinoco
river.

AMERICA PROPOSES ARBITRA-
TION.

LONDON, Dec. 15.—There is reason to
believe that orders will be or have been
sent to the British commander in Ven-
ezuelan waters to take no further ag-
gressive action at present, pending a
decision being arrived at on the propo-
sal for arbitration.

This came in the form of a proposal
through the United States Government
to submit the claims of British and Ger-
man subjects to arbitration, which Lord
Lansdowne announced later in the day
in the House of Lords is "now under
consideration by the British Govern-
ment."

PRESIDENT TAKES COUNSEL.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—President
Roosevelt and his Cabinet had one of
the most extended and important meet-
ings today that has been held this Fall.
Foreign affairs consumed the entire
time of the session. The Venezuelan
situation was discussed, but no con-
clusion was reached different from that
which has actuated the President and
his advisers throughout the considera-
tion of the trouble between Venezuela,
on the one side, and Germany and Great
Britain on the other.

From an authoritative source the in-
formation is obtained that there will be
no recession on the part of this govern-
ment with respect to questions involv-
ing Venezuela or any other of the gov-
ernments of South or Central America,
as laid down by the President in his
message to Congress. Every detail of
the development in Venezuela is being
carefully scrutinized.

It can be said authoritatively that no
apprehension exists in the minds of any
of the Administration officials that
serious troubles growing out of it will
accrue to this country. It is believed
that both Great Britain and Germany
will act within the arrangement which
originally was presented to this govern-
ment and to which the United States
passively assented.

The treaty with Cuba, which was
negotiated in Havana by General Bliss
and which arrived in Washington to-
day, was presented to the Cabinet and
considered in detail. It is ready for
presentation to Congress and probably
will be transmitted to the Senate with-
in twenty-four hours. It is regarded as
highly important that it should be rat-
ified promptly, as the present Venezue-
lan situation emphasizes the necessity
for coaling stations in Cuba.

While definite action upon the treaty
by the Senate or Congress, if the neces-
sity arises to present it also to the
House, is scarcely to be expected before
the holiday recess, the Administration
is hopeful of prompt consideration of
it when Congress convenes.

ENGLAND'S POSITION.

LONDON, Dec. 16.—Premier Balfour
presided at a Cabinet meeting held at
the Foreign Office at noon today. The
Venezuelan crisis and the King's speech
at the proroguing of Parliament were
the principal matters considered.

Replying to a question in the House
of Lords today, Lord Lansdowne, the
Foreign Secretary, said that if the
seizure of the Venezuelan gunboats did

THE REPORT
IS SENT ON

(From Wednesday's Daily.)

The Sonoma yesterday carried the
recommendations of the local boards
to the Secretary of War for the pur-
chase of the leases now held upon the
Kahului tract, which is to be taken by
the War Department as a military
site. United States Attorney Brockton,
who was ordered to work with Major
Davis and Captain Williamson in se-
curing the title to the lands in ques-
tion, in accordance with the recom-
mendations of the military board
which visited Honolulu about a year
ago, writes one report. It is simply
a statement as to the facts in connec-
tion with the negotiations leading to
the options obtained on the three lease-
s required. Those are held by the
Dowsett estate, The Star Dairy and
Mrs. Grace, a ninety days' option hav-
ing been obtained upon each one.
The report contains also a statement
as to the validity of the leases which
it is sought to acquire, that the three
parties named have a clear title to the
land claimed by them.

A report was sent forward also by
the military board, composed of Major
Davis, Captain Williamson and three
lieutenants at Camp McKinley, which
was designated to examine the site ob-
tained and recommend the locations of
the various buildings to be erected
thereon. The recommendations in this
report will be kept secret until they are
given out from Washington. Both
reports concur in the recommendation
that the prices put upon the leases be
paid, and it is expected that the Sec-
retary of War will approve the findings
of the two boards. A suggestion is al-
so made that in case haste is required
the cable will be in operation and can
be used for further negotiations.

A NEW ROAD FOR
KONA DISTRICT

Bids were opened yesterday by Su-
perintendent Cooper for the construc-
tion of a new road in Kona district,
Hawaii, from the Maguire place to
Puuanuhulu, a distance of three miles
and 4,050 feet. There were four bids
received.

L. M. Whitehouse offered to build
the road for \$14,250, with nine cents
for each foot of stone fence required.

E. P. Low bid \$11,211 on the road,
\$2,700 for the stone fence and \$2,907
for the wire fence.

W. W. Bruner bid \$8,730.40 for the
road work, eight cents for the wire
fence and five cents for the stone
fence.

J. A. Maguire bid \$11,406.80 for the
road work, \$2,907 for the stone fence,
and \$4,155 for the wire fence.

The contract has not been awarded
as yet.

not produce the desired effect further
coercive measures would be employed.
The matter had been considered in con-
sultation with Germany and it had been
decided to resort to a blockade of the
ports. It was not intended to land a
British force, and still less to occupy
Venezuelan territory.

NO WORD FROM BOWEN.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 16.—Nothing has
been heard from Minister Bowen at
Caracas since yesterday morning, so
Secretary Hay had no fresh information
to carry to the Cabinet meeting today
relative to the Venezuelan affair. It
was stated positively at the Navy De-
partment that no order has been sent
to the North Atlantic squadron or the
combined fleets under Admiral Dewey
since the departure of the squadron. It
also was stated that the Admiral is at
liberty to dispose of the vessels as he
pleases without regard to the develop-
ments of South American politics.

It will not do to fool with a bad cold.
No one can tell what the end will be.
Pneumonia, catarrh, chronic bronchitis
and consumption invariably result from
a neglected cold. As a medicine for
the cure of colds, coughs and influenza,
nothing can compare with Chamber-
lain's Cough Remedy. It always cures
and cures quickly. All dealers and
druggists sell it. Benson, Smith & Co.,
Ltd., agents for Hawaii.

CUTICURA
REMEDIES
THE SET

Consisting of CUTICURA SOAP, to cleanse the
skin, CUTICURA Ointment, to heal the skin, and
CUTICURA RESOLVENT, to cool the blood, is
often sufficient to cure the most torturing, dis-
figuring skin, scalp, and blood humours, rashes,
itchings, and irritations, with loss of hair, when
the best physicians, and all other remedies fail.

Millions of Women Use Cuticura Soap

Exclusively for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of
crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and
soothing red, rough, and sore hands, in the form of baths for annoying irritations, inflam-
mations, and chafings, or too free or offensive perspiration, in the form of washes for
ulcerative weaknesses, and for many sensitive antiseptic purposes which readily suggest
themselves to women, and especially mothers, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath
and nursery. No amount of persuasion can induce those who have once used it to use any
other, especially for preserving and purifying the skin, scalp, and hair of infants and
children. CUTICURA SOAP combines delicate emollient properties derived from CUTICURA,
the great skin cure, with the purest of cleansing ingredients and the most refreshing of
flower odours. No other medicated soap ever compounded is to be compared with it for
preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, scalp, hair, and hands. No other foreign
or domestic toilet soap, however expensive, is to be compared with it for all the purposes
of the toilet, bath and nursery. Thus it combines in ONE SOAP at ONE PRICE, the most
skin and complexion soap, the BEST toilet and BEST baby soap in the world. Sold through-
out the world. "All about the Skin," post free of Aust. Depot: R. TOWN & CO., Sydney,
N. S. W. So. African Depot: LENNON LTD., Cape Town. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM.
DEPT., Sole Props., Boston, U. S. A.

Pacific Mail Steamship Co.
Occidental & Oriental S. S. Co.
and Toyo Kisen Kaisha.

Steamers of the above companies will call at Honolulu and leave this
port on or about the dates below mentioned:

FROM SAN FRANCISCO:		FOR SAN FRANCISCO:	
NIPPON MARU	DEC. 25	AMERICA MARU	DEC. 27
SIBERIA	JAN. 3	KOREA	JAN. 3
COPTIC	JAN. 10	GAELIC	JAN. 13
AMERICA MARU	JAN. 17	HONGKONG MARU	JAN. 20
KOREA	JAN. 27	CHINA	JAN. 30
GAELIC	FEB. 4	DORIC	FEB. 7
HONGKONG MARU	FEB. 12	NIPPON MARU	FEB. 14
CHINA	FEB. 20	SIBERIA	FEB. 24
DORIC	FEB. 28	COPTIC	MARCH 3
NIPPON MARU	MARCH 10	AMERICA MARU	MARCH 10
SIBERIA	MARCH 18	KOREA	MARCH 20
COPTIC	MARCH 26	GAELIC	MARCH 28

For further information apply to

H. Hackfeld & Co., Ltd.

AGENTS

A Christmas Suggestion

One suitable for both ladies and gentlemen, is a pair of
slippers. We have the prettiest and most comfortable kinds
from \$1.50 upward, in the most delicate as well as the most
substantial leathers.

Ladies' Suede Slippers

These are exquisitely beautiful, in pretty shades of gray and
red, satin cushion lined, and combining grace and comfort.
Prices \$1.25, \$1.50.

Elks' Slippers

Made of Elk's skin with initials B. P. O. E. and Elk head
burned on the toe.
Price \$3.50

Manufacturers' Shoe Co., Limited.
1057 FORT STREET.

FAMOUS AMERICAN STANDARDS

Carriages Wagons and Coaches Carts For all Buggies Street Sprinklers Phaetons Street Sweepers	Harness For all Saddlery Goods. For all Purpose.	STUDEBAKER BROS. MFG. CO. Branches: South Bend, Indiana, U.S.A. Branches: New York, N.Y. Factories coast road: Portland, Ore. Chicago, Ill. and are the Largest San Francisco, Cal. Kansas City, Mo. in the World. Salt Lake City, Utah. Denver, Colo. Cable Ciphers: "STUDEBAKER"	ELECTRIC GENERATORS AND MOTORS. For DIRECT OR ALTERNATING Current Work. Northern Electrical Mfg. Co., Madison, Wis., U.S.A. Ask for Catalogue No. 249. Responsible agents wanted.	HARVESTING MACHINERY. Adriance, Platt & Co., Poughkeepsie, New York, U.S.A.	WELL-DRILLING & BORING PLANTS. Everything required to sink deep wells for Oil, Gas, Minerals or Water. Oil Well Supply Co., Pittsburgh, Pa., U.S.A.	WOOD-WORKING MACHINERY. Berlin Machine Works, Beloit, Wis., U.S.A.	GASOLINE VAPOR LAMPS—For Store, Street and Home Use. The Turner Brass Works, Chicago, U.S.A. Cable address: "The Turner," Chicago.	SHOVELS, SPADES, SCOOPS & DRILL TOOLS. The Wyoming Shovel Works, Wyoming, Pa., U.S.A.	BOILERS and RADIATORS. For Steam and Water Heating. Fierce, Butler & Fierce Mfg. Co., Manufacturers, Syracuse, N.Y., U.S.A.	ROLLING STEEL DOORS and SHUTTERS. Steel Gas and Shelters for Machine Shops and Send for Catalogue K-2. Office Records. The Kincaid Mfg. Co., Columbus, O., U.S.A.	TOOLS—For all workers in metal or wood. Catalogue No. 16A free. The L. S. Starrett Co., Athol, Mass., U.S.A.	BARREL-MAKING MACHINERY. The Peter Gerlach Company, Cleveland, O., U.S.A.	STEAM ENGINES—Boilers, etc. Dealers write for prices and catalogue. Cumstock Mfg. Co., Cumstock, Mich., U.S.A.	PIANOS. Baldwin Piano Co., "Grand Prix" Paris 1900. Cincinnati, O., U.S.A.	ORGANS—"Packard," Established 1871. Especially suited to Export Trade. The Packard Company, Send for complete catalogue. Fort Wayne, Ind., U.S.A.	FAMILY and TEXTILE SOAPS. Jos. S. & Thos. Elkinton, Philadelphia, Pa., U.S.A.	SAFES. (Fire Resisting). The Hall's Safe Co., P. O. Box 846. Cincinnati, O., U.S.A.	HATS. E. T. Knox, Fifth Ave., New York, U.S.A.	LANTERNS—DIETZ. R. E. Dietz Company, Established 1850. New York, U.S.A.	JEWELERS' FINDINGS. Bouché Tongue, Lovers, Catchers, Swivels, Ac. Geo. B. Fuller & Son Co., Pawtucket, R.I., U.S.A. Solely Wholesale. Correspondence invited.	RAZORS—"Star" Safety Razor. Kamper Bros., 801 1/2 Broadway, New York, U.S.A.
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SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE

ARRIVED.

Tuesday, Dec. 23.
 Stmr. Maui, Bennett, from Hawaii
 ports, at 5 a. m.
 S. S. Sonoma, Van Oterendorp, from
 the Colonies, at 6:30 a. m.
 S. S. Nebraska, Greene, from San
 Francisco.

Wednesday, Dec. 24.

Stmr. Mikahala, Gregory, from Kaula
 ports, at 5 a. m.
 Stmr. Lehua, Naopala, from Molokai
 ports, at 6:30 a. m.
 Stmr. Hawaii, Nelson, from Hawaii
 ports, at 8:30 a. m.

DEPARTED.

Tuesday, Dec. 23.
 Stmr. Kinau, Freeman, for Hilo and
 way ports, at noon.
 Stmr. Mauna Loa, Simerson, for Maui,
 Kona and Kau ports, at noon.
 S. S. Sonoma, Van Oterendorp, for
 San Francisco, at 3 p. m.
 Gas. schr. Eclipse, for Maui, Kona
 and Molokai ports, at 5 p. m.
 Stmr. Claudine, Parker, for Maui
 ports, at 5 p. m.
 Stmr. W. G. Hall, S. Thompson, for
 Kaula ports, at 5 p. m.

Wednesday, Dec. 24.

Stmr. Noeua, Pedersen, for Honolulu
 and Kukuiaie, at 5 p. m.
 Stmr. Lehua, Naopala, for Molokai,
 Maui and Lahai ports, at 5 p. m.

PASSENGERS.

Arrived.

Per stmr. Mikahala, Dec. 24, from
 Kaula ports—Miss C. Finckler, W. J.
 Moody, J. R. Spencer, Dr. Derby, C.
 Streckewald, Mrs. Rennie, Ahana, W.
 Berlowitz, Mrs. Kahalewal, A. Hane-
 berger, D. E. Metzger, C. P. West, W.
 Schleier, R. W. Rider, R. J. Bishaw,
 S. K. Kaeo, and 46 deck.
 Per stmr. Lehua, Dec. 24, from Molokai
 ports—Miss Emma Kane.
 Per stmr. Hawaii, Dec. 24, from Ha-
 wai ports—J. R. Hewitt.

Departed.

Per stmr. Kinau, Dec. 23, for Hilo and
 way ports—Miss B. Horner, Miss E.
 Horner, Miss G. Talbert, Miss M. Hor-
 ner, Rev. Eitel Ito, E. R. Bath, Miss
 E. E. Lyons, E. J. Waterman, John
 Hind, E. F. Baxter, H. G. Good, M. D.
 Hall and wife, C. C. Henion, Dr. A. Ber-
 ger, T. Roth, Miss L. Roderick, Mrs.
 W. G. Kent, Dr. Geo. H. Huddy, Mr.
 Pogua, Mrs. M. A. Hill, Miss M. Woods,
 Miss Mary Low, R. H. Trent, A. M.
 Merrill, W. B. Greenfield, Dr. C. L.
 Stow.
 Per stmr. Mauna Loa, Dec. 23, for
 Maui, Kona and Kau ports—D. Kaupiko
 and wife, A. B. Medeiros, A. Enos, Mrs.
 Kipapa, G. Kipapa, J. Coeper, L. Vas-
 concellos, J. Monsarrat, C. R. Lindsay,
 Augusta Kruse, Mrs. Kruse, J. Green-
 well, Mrs. J. D. Paris, Mrs. C. Robin-
 son and Carrie A. Kana.
 Per stmr. Claudine, Dec. 23, for Maui
 ports—Miss H. Hons, Mrs. C. E. Moore,
 S. A. Crook, W. C. Crook, Jr., Capt.
 Murray and wife, Master Roy Painter,
 Brother Joseph, Pang Young, Mrs. E.
 Law, Mrs. Mary Madeiros, T. M. Datté,
 wife, four children and servant; for
 Lahaina, Ah Ping, W. E. Devereux;
 for Kipahulu, Mrs. L. Joseph and child.

Departed.

Per stmr. Lehua, Dec. 24, for Kamalo,
 —C. L. Wright and wife, J. Lucas and
 Lloyd Conkling.

Shipping Notes.

San Francisco may retain the trans-
 port fleet.
 W. C. Roe is the new chaplain of the
 Sons of St. George.
 The battleship Oregon reached Yoko-
 hama on December 13.
 The German bark Werma, from Hono-
 lulu, arrived at Astoria on Dec. 13th.
 The battleship Oregon arrived at
 Yokohama from Honolulu on Dec. 13th.
 The Canadian-Australian liner Mio-
 wera arrived at Brisbane prior to Dec.
 13th.
 The new Pacific Mail liner Siberia left
 New York on Dec. 12 for San Fran-
 cisco. She will make her start on the
 trans-Pacific run during March.
 The transport Hancock is now on the
 way from San Francisco to Philadel-
 phia.
 Captain A. Barron, formerly chief of
 officer of the freighter Californian, now
 commands her. The Californian arrived
 in San Francisco from New York on
 Dec. 11th with a cargo of 8,000 tons of
 general merchandise. She made the
 voyage in fifty-five and one-half days.

Tampico Arrives at Sound.

The steamer Tampico arrived at Port
 Townsend on Dec. 15th on her way to
 Seattle. The schooner Robert Lewers
 arrived there on the same day.

VESSELS IN PORT.

ARMY AND NAVY.
 U. S. Tug Iroquois, Rodman.
 U. S. S. Solace, Singer, San Francisco,
 Dec. 15.

MERCHANTMEN.

(This list does not include coasters.)
 Alden Besse, Am. bk., Kessel, San
 Francisco, Nov. 6.
 Andromeda, Nor. bk., Rotter, Iquique,
 Sept. 23, in distress.
 Archer, Am. bknt., Hanson, San Fran-
 cisco, Dec. 5th.
 Bille, Ger. bk., Dade, Leith, Dec. 22.
 Boohing Sney, Am. bk., Willett, New
 York, Dec. 22.
 Joe, L. Eviston, Am. bknt., Ramselfus,
 Newcastle, Dec. 21.
 Mauna Ala, Am. bk., Smith, San Fran-
 cisco, Dec. 12.
 R. P. Rithet, Am. bk., McPhail, San
 Francisco, Nov. 11.
 Ronamond, Ahi, schr., Johnson, San
 Francisco, Dec. 1.
 S. C. Allen, Am. bk., Johnson, Seattle,
 Dec. 22.
 S. G. Wilder, Am. bknt., Jackson, San
 Francisco, Dec. 21.
 S. N. Castle, Am. bknt., Nilson, San
 Francisco, Dec. 1.
 S. D. Carlston, Am. sp., Amesbury, Ta-
 comca, Dec. 13.
 Star of Bengal, Am. bk., Henderson,
 Newcastle, Dec. 17.
 Wallacetown, H. sp., from London and
 Calcutta.
 W. H. Marston, Am. schr., Curtis, San
 Francisco, Dec. 8.
 William Nottingham, Taylor, Newcas-
 tle, Dec. 22.
 Wilberit, Am. bk., Maclean, Hongkong,
 Dec. 21.

ROYAL Baking Powder

Makes the bread
 more healthful.

Safeguards the food
 against alum.

Alum baking powders are the greatest
 menaces to health of the present day.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

Army Meat From New Zealand.

CHRIST CHURCH (New Zealand),
 December 2.—Mr. F. Weymouth, gen-
 eral manager of the Canterbury Frozen
 Meat Company, has received information
 from Colonel Sharpe, commissary
 general of the United States Army,
 that tenders are required for furnish-
 ing frozen beef and mutton to the
 Philippines. The first tender is for a
 million pounds of beef and a hundred
 thousand pounds of mutton, for deliv-
 ery at Manila by May 15, 1903. The
 second is for 600,000 pounds of beef
 and 50,000 pounds of mutton per
 month, for the year ending June 30,
 1904. Tenders must be cabled to the
 United States consul, at Manila, and
 close on December 29.

Dolores May Not Come.

There is some probability that Mile.
 Dolores, the celebrated soprano, will
 not visit Honolulu as expected. An
 Auckland paper states:
 A private cablegram received in
 Auckland yesterday from Mr. James
 Tait, business manager for Mile. Do-
 lores, states that the celebrated so-
 prano intends arranging another New
 Zealand tour. Her Auckland dates
 will be in March. Mile. Dolores is at
 present in Adelaide, and so good is her
 business that she has cancelled her
 American engagements. Hence it
 comes about that at the conclusion of
 her Australian tour she will revisit
 this colony.

The Marion Chilcott.

SANTA BARBARA, December 15.—
 The full-rigged ship Marion Chilcott,
 Captain Nelson, is in port at Alcatraz
 landing, west of this city on the coast
 of Santa Barbara. The port is the tide-
 water terminal of a pipe line from the
 oil wells in the Los Alamos valley in
 the interior of the county and the Chil-
 cott is the first ship ever loaded at the
 terminal for a deep-water port. She
 will take on 16,000 barrels of oil and
 possibly 50 horses and will then sail
 for the Islands. The shipment to the
 Islands will be the first on a large con-
 tract and will bring the county into
 prominence as an oil shipping center.

Captain Pedersen Missing.

Captain John Pedersen, heavily in-
 terested in several companies on the
 Coast and well known in Hawaii, has
 disappeared. He was manager for sev-
 eral vessels, and his partners are try-
 ing to find him as about \$50,000 of
 their cash went with Pedersen. He is
 also alleged to be a bigamist, having
 one wife in Norway and another in
 San Francisco. The latter has filed a
 suit for maintenance. Pedersen sold
 his interests in various vessels before
 disappearing. A receiver has been ap-
 pointed for his property.

Hoffman and Sharratts Here.

Among the passengers who arrived
 on the Oceanic liner Sonoma from
 Samoa yesterday were Frank Sharratts
 and O. Hoffman, who were members of
 the schooner Herman party. Hoffman
 and Sharratts sailed alone from Hono-
 lulu to Apia with Captain Brown and
 it had been stated that the latter prac-
 tically marooned them at that point.
 Hoffman and Sharratts will not return
 to the Herman expedition as they are
 to remain here until the Korea arrives
 and then return to San Francisco on
 that vessel.

Could Not Double the Horn.

The British ship Galena which has
 arrived at San Francisco after a voy-
 age of 173 days from Antwerp made
 two unsuccessful attempts to double
 the Horn, had two suits of sails carried
 away in heavy gales, and finally made
 the voyage around the Cape of Good
 Hope.

The Transport Service.

Seattle will not get the transport
 business. San Francisco is to retain it,
 and her railways and the Pacific Mail
 Steamship Company have guaranteed
 to meet any rate of the Seattle com-
 panies. The transports may ultimately
 be granted American register and leased
 to a San Francisco combination.

Shearwater at Fanning Island.

The British sloop-of-war Shearwater
 arrived at Fanning Island on December
 19, and received news of the mutiny
 after which three men were supposed
 to have escaped to Pitcairn Island.
 The cruiser will try to find the muti-
 neers on her arrival at Pitcairn.

Cannibals in New Guinea.

The Sonoma brought news from the
 colonies to the effect that cannibalism
 has again broken out in New Guinea.
 Natives in the vicinity of Marubare
 gold fields recently killed and ate two
 Australian miners who were at work
 there.

Would Not Carry Loper.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 14.—A Chi-
 nese coolie was refused passage on the
 steamer Doric, sailing Thursday for the
 Orient, on the ground that he was af-
 flicted with leprosy.

W. B. Flint on the Way.

The bark W. B. Flint sailed from San
 Francisco for Honolulu on Dec. 13th.
 Chamberlain's Cough Remedy loosens
 the cough, relieves the lungs and opens
 the secretions. It counteracts any
 tendency of a cold to result in pneu-
 monia. It is unequalled for bad colds.
 It always cures and cures quickly.
 All dealers and druggists sell it. Ben-
 son, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Ha-
 waii.

STILL BURN STRONG
LIGHTS OFF HARBOR

"I understood from reference that
 were made concerning the matter a few
 days ago that these Jap fishermen had
 agreed to keep away from the entrance
 to the harbor channel and to stop burn-
 ing those big lights off the harbor but
 there has been no abatement of this
 nuisance and danger," said an officer
 of a steamer yesterday.

A few nights ago a big steamer had
 to change her course twice while off
 the harbor to avoid running down one
 of those sampans. Another steamer
 when being taken out of the harbor at
 night recently found that there was a
 sampan anchored at the harbor en-
 trance. The Japanese in this sampan
 could see the steamer coming. In fact
 he could not help seeing her under any
 conditions and the steamer was going
 at a slow rate of speed. It was im-
 possible to change the course of the
 steamer as it was still in the channel
 and in order to avoid smashing up that
 sampan and drowning its occupants the
 steamer put herself in some danger by
 going a trifle off her course and also
 by stopping her engines. The Jap made
 no attempt to move but set up a ter-
 rible lot of hollering. Well the bow
 of the steamer just grazed his boat and
 pushed it a little to one side. The sam-
 pan was not injured but had the steam-
 er been going at even ordinary speed
 that sampan would have been stove in
 to kindling wood.

"I have talked with many skippers
 of deep water craft," the mariner con-
 tinued, "and I find that each one of
 them would prefer to have a fairly stiff
 gale blowing off shore when arriving
 here at night as they are practically
 certain then that there will not be a
 couple dozen sampans a couple of miles
 off shore burning lights that would put
 a lighthouse lamp to shame. Do you
 know I have seen during the last few
 days dozens of lights on those sampans
 which are much more powerful than
 either of the red lighthouse lamps. The
 pilots light up the channel when bring-
 ing in a vessel after dark but their
 lights don't begin to approach, in the
 matter of strength, those sampan
 lights.

"I think it is about time that some
 pretty stiff rule was adopted in regard
 to these fishermen. Some foreign
 steamer will get on the reef through
 them some night. Someone will wake
 up then but it will be too late."

The old sporting paper, "Spirit of the
 Times," has gone under at New York.

CARRIES THE STRAIN

Quite a strain on a child to
 grow. You find it about all
 you can do to live along as you
 are and keep well. Your child
 has to do all that and grow be-
 sides. Some children can't
 stand the extra strain. They
 get weak and sickly as a result
 of it.

This is where Scott's Emul-
 sion does some of its best
 work. It is a strong "grow-
 ing" medicine. It starts up
 new life in the backward child
 and strengthens the weak ones.
 Scott's Emulsion takes all the
 extra strain and carries the
 children along until they are
 strong enough to stand it
 alone.

We'll send you a little to try, if you like.
 SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl Street, New York.

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.

THERAPION. This successful
 and popular remedy, used in the Continental Hospitals by Ricord,
 Boissac, Jobert, Veleau, and others, combines all
 the desiderata to be sought in a medicine of the
 kind and surpasses everything hitherto employed.
THERAPION No. 1 maintains its world-
 renowned reputation for its efficacy in the treatment
 of the kidneys, pains in the back, and
 kindred ailments, affording prompt relief where
 other well-tried remedies have been powerless.
THERAPION No. 2 fortifies the blood,
 cures, rashes, spots, blotches, pains and swelling
 of joints, gout, rheumatism, and all diseases for which
 it has been too much a fashion to employ mercury,
 sarsaparilla, etc., to the destruction of sufferers' teeth
 and ruin of health. This preparation purifies the
 whole system through the blood, and thoroughly
 eliminates all poisonous matter from the body.
THERAPION No. 3 for exhaustion, de-
 pression, and all distressing consequences of
 dyspepsia, worry, overwork, &c. It possesses
 surprising power in restoring strength and vigor to
 those suffering from the enervating influences of
 long residence in hot, unhealthy climates.
THERAPION is sold by the principal
 Chemists and Druggists throughout the world.
 Price in England, 2s. 6d. and 4s. 6d. In order
 to state which of the three numbers is re-
 quired, and observe that the word "THERAPION"
 appears on the British Government Stamp (in
 white letters on a red ground) affixed to every
 genuine package by order of His Majesty's Hon-
 orable Commissioners, and without which it is a forgery.

BY AUTHORITY.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE
TO CREDITORS.

ALL PERSONS HAVING CLAIMS
 against the Estate of Hansi Parker
 (deceased), late of Waialea, Island of Hawaii,
 deceased, intestate, are hereby notified
 to present the same, duly authenticated,
 to the undersigned, at his office in the
 Stangenwald Building, in Honolulu, T. H.,
 within six months from date hereof
 or they will be forever barred.

ALFRED W. CARTER,
 Administrator Estate of Hansi Parker,
 Deceased, Intestate.
 Dated Honolulu, H. T., Dec. 19th,
 1902. 2445—Dec. 19, 26, Jan. 2, 9.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING

been duly appointed as Administrator of
 the Estate of David Trask, late of Kona,
 Island of Kaula, deceased, hereby
 gives notice to all creditors of said de-
 ceased to present their claims, duly
 authenticated, and with proper vouch-
 ers, if any exist, even if the claim is
 secured by mortgage, upon real estate,
 to him, either at his residence or place
 of business, within six months from the
 day of this publication or within six
 months from the day they fall due.
 If not so presented they will be fore-
 ever barred.

HANS ISENBERG,
 Administrator of the Estate of David
 Trask.
 Lihue, Kaula, December 3, 1902.
 2443—Dec. 12, 19, 26, Jan. 2.

MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF INTEN-
TION OF FORECLOSURE AND
OF SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT
 pursuant to the power of sale contained
 in that certain mortgage, dated Sep-
 tember 28, 1900, made by Kalua Kapele
 and Wahinekapu of Kailua, North Ko-
 na, Hawaii, Territory of Hawaii, mort-
 gagees, to the Kona Trading Company
 of said Kailua, mortgagee, and record-
 ed in the Registrar's office of Oahu, in
 book 213 on pages 312 and 313, the said
 mortgagee, the Kona Trading Com-
 pany, intends to foreclose said mort-
 gage for conditions broken, to-wit: the
 non-payment of principal and interest
 when due.

Notice is likewise given that the prop-
 erty conveyed by said mortgage will be
 sold at public auction in front of the
 Circuit Court House in the town of Kai-
 lua, Hawaii, T. H., on Saturday, the
 24th day of January, 1903, at 12 o'clock
 noon, of said day.

The property covered by said mort-
 gage consists of a portion of grant No.
 1601 of Kanehahua, situate in Moenaka,
 North Kona, and being the property
 formerly leased to W. Akau (Ch.) to-
 gether with the buildings, appur-
 tenances, etc., to the said property be-
 longing. Terms cash, deed at purchas-
 ers expense.

For further particulars apply to Ko-
 na Trading Company, Kailua, North
 Kona, Hawaii.

Dated December —, 1902.

KONA TRADING COMPANY,
 Mortgagees.
 G. F. Maydwell, Kailua, Hawaii,
 Attorney for Mortgagee.
 2445—Dec. 19, 26, Jan. 2, 9, 16.

MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF INTEN-
TION OF FORECLOSURE AND
OF SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT
 pursuant to the power of sale contained
 in that certain mortgage, dated May
 25, 1899, made by W. M. Kalaiwaa of
 Kahului, N. Kona, Hawaii, mortgagor,
 to the Kona Trading Company of Kai-
 lua, mortgagee, and recorded in the
 Registry office of Oahu, in book 192 on
 pages 367-368, the said mortgagee, the
 Kona Trading Company, intends to
 foreclose said mortgage for conditions
 broken, to-wit: the non-payment of
 principal and interest when due.

Notice is likewise given that the prop-
 erty conveyed by said mortgage will be
 sold at public auction in front of the
 Circuit Court House in the town of Kai-
 lua, Hawaii, T. H., on Saturday,
 the 24th day of January, 1903, at 12
 o'clock noon of said day.

The property covered by said mort-
 gage consists of a part or parcel of land
 situate at Kealahou, North Kona, Ha-
 waii, containing an area of 30 acres
 more or less and being Lot No. 8 of the
 homesteads there situate, together with
 the buildings, appurtenances, etc., to
 the said property belonging. Terms
 cash, deed at purchaser's expense.

For further particulars apply to Ko-
 na Trading Company, Kailua, North
 Kona, Hawaii.

Dated December —, 1902.

KONA TRADING COMPANY,
 Mortgagees.
 G. F. Maydwell, Kailua, Hawaii,
 Attorney for Mortgagees.
 2445—Dec. 19, 26, Jan. 2, 9, 16.

MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF INTEN-
TION OF FORECLOSURE AND
OF SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT
 pursuant to the power of sale in that
 certain mortgage, dated November 1st,
 1899, made by Jesse Makainal of Ho-
 nolulu, Island of Oahu, Territory of
 Hawaii, mortgagor, to W. R. Castle,
 Trustee, of said Honolulu, mortgagee,
 and recorded in the Registry office of
 Oahu, in book 199 on pages 265-
 267, the office of the Registrar of
 Conveyances in said Honolulu, the
 mortgagee intends to foreclose said
 mortgage for condition broken, to-wit,
 the non-payment of principal and in-
 terest when due.

Notice is likewise given that the prop-
 erty conveyed by said mortgage will be
 sold at public auction at the auction
 rooms of James F. Morgan, Queen
 street, Honolulu, Territory aforesaid, on
 Saturday, the 10th day of January, 1903,
 at 12 o'clock noon of said day.

The property covered and conveyed
 by said mortgage consists of those cer-
 tain lots, pieces or parcels of land sit-
 uate in the District of South Kona, Is-
 land of Hawaii, Territory aforesaid, and
 more particularly described as follows:

1st. All of the undivided two-thirds
 interest of said mortgagors in Royal
 Patent (Gr.) 1586 to Preston Cummings,
 containing an area of 1371 acres in Wa-
 lea, South Kona, Hawaii.

2nd. All of those premises described
 in Royal Patent 5394, Kuleana 10,389,
 to Nuhl, containing 4.25 acres, and situate
 in Kealia 2, South Kona, Hawaii, and
 conveyed to said Meleana Davis by
 deed of Henry Smith, Commissioner, re-
 corded in book 172 pages 365-366, records
 of said Registrar's Office.

Terms: United States Gold Coin.
 Deeds at the expense of the pur-
 chaser.

For further particulars apply to
 Smith & Lewis, Judd Building, Hono-
 lulu, T. H.

Dated Honolulu, December 15, 1902.

WM. R. CASTLE, Trustee,
 Mortgagee.
 2445—Dec. 19, 26, Jan. 2, 9.

MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF INTEN-
TION OF FORECLOSURE AND
OF SALE.

IN ACCORDANCE with the provisions of
 a certain mortgage made by John D.
 Holt, Jr., to Mary E. Soper, dated De-
 cember 16th, 1898, recorded Liber 187,
 page 150, now held by Waialea Agricul-
 tural Company, Limited, as assignee,
 notice is hereby given that the mort-
 gagee intends to foreclose the same for
 condition broken, to-wit: non-payment
 of both interest and principal.

Notice is likewise given that after the
 expiration of three weeks from the date
 of this notice, the property covered by
 said mortgage will be advertised for
 sale at public auction, at the auction
 rooms of James F. Morgan, in Hono-
 lulu, on Saturday, the 24th day of Jan-
 uary, 1903, at 12 noon of said day.
 Further particulars can be had of W.
 R. Castle, attorney for mortgagee.
 Dated Honolulu, December 15th, 1902.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE
FIRST CIRCUIT—TERRITORY OF
HAWAII.

Amy Josephine French, Libellant, vs.
 Towneley Thorndyke French, Libel-
 lee.—Term Summons.—Label for
 Divorce.

The Territory of Hawaii:

To the High Sheriff of the Territory
 of Hawaii, or his Deputy, the Sheriff
 of the Island of Oahu, or his Deputy:
 You are commanded to summon
 Towneley Thorndyke French, defend-
 ant, in case he shall file written answer
 within twenty days after service hereof,
 to be and appear before the said Cir-
 cuit Court at the November Term there-
 of, to be held at Honolulu, Island of
 Oahu, on Monday, the 3rd day of No-
 vember next, at 10 o'clock a. m., to
 show cause why the claim of Amy
 Josephine French, plaintiff, should not
 be awarded to her pursuant to the
 tenor of her annexed Label for Divorce.
 And have you then there this Writ
 with full return of your proceedings
 thereon.

Witness Hon. J. T. De Bolt, First
 Judge of the Circuit Court of the First
 Circuit, at Honolulu, this 8th day of
 October, 1902.

(Sig.) J. A. THOMPSON,
 Clerk.

The foregoing is a true, full and faith-
 ful copy of the original summons in said
 cause, and it is hereby certified that
 said cause was continued to the Feb-
 ruary, 1903, Term of said Court and that
 in the meanwhile publication of said
 summons be made according to law.
 Witness my hand this 25th day of
 November, 1902.

HENRY SMITH,
 Clerk Judiciary Department.
 2439—61F

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE
FIRST CIRCUIT, TERRITORY OF
HAWAII.

Franc Robbins Winslow vs. Henry E.
 Winslow.—Term Summons.